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BIG BUDGET DEFICIT: TAX REVIEW PLANNED

No Allowance Made For \$18,500,000 Payments

LEGISLATIVE WARNING

A deficit of \$18,500,000 is expected for the current year, and a review of taxation would have to be made with a view to raising additional revenue.

This warning was issued by the Acting Financial Secretary, Mr. A. G. Clarke, when he replied to opposition from unofficial members in Legislative Council to the Stamp Amendment Ordinance 1948.

Supplementary votes put forward by the Finance Committee to cover occupation payments and recommendations of the Salaries Commission amounted to \$20,000,000, whereas budgeting for the year estimated a surplus of only \$1,500,000, explained the Financial Secretary.

The Stamp Amendment Ordinance, which replaces the existing ordinance imposing a 10 per cent excess duty and one per cent ad valorem duty on all property transfers, by a six per cent excess duty and three per cent ad valorem levy, was amended yesterday to five per cent excess duty and two per cent ad valorem levy in deference to unofficial opposition.

Replying to the attacks from the unofficial members the Acting Financial Secretary, Mr. A. G. Clarke, said it was not the endeavour of Government to raise additional revenues on the Bill. Complaints had been received from the public regarding the delay that was being experienced in getting property transferred. Government accordingly set about to see how they could meet these complaints without losing revenue.

Loss Of Revenue

"We went into various methods. The Commissioner took from his records at random a number of cases and worked out various expedients."

From 57 cases of first sales, under the existing system which the Bill sought to repeal, that is one per cent ad valorem and 10 per cent excess, the amount paid was \$344,677. If duty was assessed under the proposed new Bill, namely six per cent ad valorem, the amount would have been \$339,383, which meant a loss of revenue to Government of \$5,294.

From 39 cases of second transfers, under the old system, actual

duty paid was \$87,775, and under the proposed new scale it would be \$89,888. This showed a gain of \$2,113 to Government.

Taking the whole 96 cases together the net loss to Government would be \$3,181.

"I trust these figures are sufficient evidence to show that Government in introducing this Bill have no plans for trying to increase the burden of taxation."

Mr. Clarke said that probably under the new system, after it had remained in force some time, it might lead to an increase in revenue. He added, however, that in any event a review of taxation would have to be made for the purpose of raising additional revenue.

"In elaboration of this warning I might give a brief explanation of what our financial position is. A few weeks ago in this Council approval was given to a supplementary vote of \$9,000,000 to meet occupation period payments. Since that date Finance Committee has further recommended for approval an appropriation of \$8,000,000 to meet back pay as a result of the recommendations of the Salaries Commission.

"Yet more sums have been approved which brings the supplementary expenditure a little short of \$20,000,000.

"It is therefore necessary to save on expenditure to the utmost this year. This we are doing.

Moreover, if we do not increase taxation at least we should not decrease it.

"The proposed duty was at first six per cent and three per cent thereafter. This has been reduced to five per cent and two per cent.

"Working out the effect of this reduction on the basis of the 96 cases mentioned a revenue of 22 per cent in revenue would be expected.

"I am most reluctant to sacrifice revenue, but in view of the unanimous opposition of the unofficial members I am prepared to accept the proposed amendment," concluded Mr. Clarke.

The Bill, as amended, was passed, with two dissentients.

Details of the debate on the Stamp Amendment Ordinance are on Page 3.

War Crimes Trials "Unfair"

Seattle, September 8.

American lawyers considered today a declaration that the Japanese war crimes trials in Tokyo were not fair and that their "purposes have been defeated and the objects have backfired."

This charge, delivered before the American Bar Association in national convention by attorney Owen Cunningham, was among sharply contrasting opinions of the fairness and value of both the German and Japanese trials. The purpose of the trial was to convince the Japanese people that their leaders misled them into war," declared Cunningham, who was defense counsel for Hiroshi Oshima, former Japanese Ambassador to Germany. "But the object of the trial was vengeance, vindication and propaganda," Associated Press.

WAR MANOEUVRES IN US ZONE

Grafenwohr, September 7.

The First United States Infantry Division, sole fighting force in the American zone, moved out to take up positions for "Operation Normal," the first large scale manoeuvres since the war.

One thousand British paratroopers and Royal Irish Guards who recently returned to Germany from Palestine are joining the American troops in joint manoeuvres during the next two weeks.

The troops were moved in trucks, jeeps and tanks to an area near Amberg, about 20 miles South.

They will be "attacked" by a "Red aggressor force" of the Second Constabulary Regiment in preliminary skirmishes tomorrow till Friday.

The Constabulary forces will be supported by about 25 light bombers in ship bombing and strafing attacks.

The troops will remain in the field over the week-end and a full-scale mock battle will begin on Monday. It will continue till Saturday.

The object of the manoeuvres is to judge the results of the six months intensive training of the

Heavy Leakage Of Capital Into HK

Shanghai, September 8.

Three leading Shanghai Chinese newspapers today reported that Canton has become the wide-open loop-hole for funds being diverted from Shanghai to Hong Kong.

Canton dispatches to the Sin Wan Pao said that during the past six days, some 1,600,000 gold yuan have been sent from Shanghai to Canton while the arrival of funds in Hong Kong from outside sources have been equally heavy.

Two other papers — the Shun Pao and Tin Kung Pao — carried similar reports. The Sin Wan Pao reported that Governor T. V. Soong, in a determined effort to dam the leakage, yesterday ordered the strictest enforcement to be carried out on the law prohibiting banks to handle money transfers from Canton to Hong Kong.

He further ordered that the total out-going transfer of funds from Canton among all banks must not exceed 200,000 gold yuan, unless special permission was given.

A Hong Kong despatch to the Sin Wan Pao said that there has been an acute

market disturbance during the past few days in the Colony as a result of the arrival of a large amount of funds in foreign currency, gold bullion and gold yuan.

The report said that since the promulgation of the economic control regulations, the volume of money arriving from Shanghai "has been so heavy that it is beyond estimation."

In Nanking, the Ministry of Finance was reported today to be deliberating measures to prevent the flight of Chinese capital to Hong Kong in line with the Government's action to clamp down on commercial banks in Shanghai.

It was reported that some commercial banks, in attempting to evade the Government regulations, are turning their holdings and even part of their assets into cash proceeds to be remitted to Canton, where they are converted into Hong Kong currency before entering the British colony.—Reuter.

BRITAIN WANTS ACTION ON ITALIAN COLONIES

London, September 8.

Britain has notified Russia that she is ready to open four-Power talks on the future of Italy's pre-war colonies before September 15, the British Foreign Office announced today.

The Government disclosed its decision in reply to a Russian request for such talks, delivered to Russian Ambassador Georgi Zarubin yesterday and released by the Foreign Office today.

Pointing out that quick action is necessary to meet the Italian treaty deadline of September 15—after which the Italy colony problems must go to the United Nations for decision—the British noted asked Russia to suggest a meeting date.

Britain suggested that the meetings be held in Paris, where the United Nations Assembly convenes on September 21.

France and the United States, the other two Powers involved, have given no formal reply to the Russian request as yet.

United States spokesmen in Washington have indicated they regard the Russian proposal as propaganda, offering no real possibility of settling a question which has tied up the Foreign Ministers and their deputies ever since it first came up after the war.

The points at issue between the Powers never have been publicly disclosed, but unofficial sources have given no formal reply to the Russian request as yet.

The issue also has appeared in American politics. Thomas E. Dewey, the Republican President-elect nominee, has suggested Italy be given a chance to develop resources of her former colonies.

NO BAR ON CHINESE ENTRY

As far as the Hong Kong Government is concerned, Chinese nationals from China and Macao will continue to have unrestricted entry to the British Colony.

A Government spokesman said yesterday that the Immigration Department does not require Chinese visiting Hong Kong from China to produce a visa or travel documents before they are allowed to enter.

Only Chinese coming to Hong Kong from abroad, except Macao, must have travel documents before they are allowed to enter the Colony.

Despite newsagency reports that the Chinese Government has banned departures of Chinese nationals from Chinese ports to Hong Kong except by special written permission, 47 Chinese passengers arrived in Hong Kong from Shanghai by air yesterday.

The Chinese Foreign Ministry's Special Commissioner's Office in Hong Kong said yesterday that they had not yet been informed officially of the ban placed on Chinese leaving China for Hong Kong.

Order Received

Shanghai, September 8. The official presidential order, requiring the registration and written permission for Shanghai residents intending to visit Hong Kong was received today by the Shanghai Garrison Headquarters, it was learned.

The delay in the arrival of the order led to reports last night and this morning that no such order was issued. When the Garrison Headquarters have completed working out the plans for the implementation of the new regulations, all local shipping firms and air lines will be notified; it was reported.—Reuter.

Taxi Drivers Await Reply

There were no fresh developments yesterday in connection with the dispute between taxi drivers and their employers over the demand for increased pay from \$6 to \$8 a day and better working conditions.

It is understood that the Labour Officer has agreed to take up matters with the taxi companies, concerned and that pending a reply from him as to the attitude of employers, no further action will be taken by drivers to enforce their demands.

T.U.C. REFUSES TO URGE STEEL NATIONALISATION

Margate, September 8.

The Congress representing Britain's 8,000,000 trade unionists today overwhelmingly rejected a proposal that they should urge the Government to take special emergency measures to nationalise the iron and steel industry.

The Amalgamated Union of Foundry Workers, which sponsored the resolution, did not detail the nature of the requested emergency measures.

The Labour Government has already taken steps to limit the powers of the House of Lords in a move interpreted as safeguarding the Cabinet plans for steel nationalisation during the lifetime of the present Government.

The plan has become one of the most bitterly-contested issues between the Government and its critics.

The powerful steel and iron trades confederation today threw its weight into the balance against the "special measures" demand with an amendment which was adopted, stating:

"The Congress recognises the need for the care exercised by the Government in determining the future of this important and complex industry, upon which the well-being of the country so largely depends, and totally rejects the proposal that it should urge the Government to resort to special emergency measures to achieve its objective."

The debate became stormy when a speaker in support of the amendment asserted that three speakers for the "special measures" resolution were members of the Communist Party.—Reuter.

To Boost Ruhr Steel Production

Berlin, September 8. Ruhr steel production, now at its highest since the war, will be boosted another 2,000,000 tons in the next two years, the American Military Government reports.

To support this increase arrangements already have been made to import from Sweden 3,000,000 tons of iron ore and other iron-bearing raw materials.

Special efforts are being made to increase Ruhr production of coal and steel, not only to revive Western Germany's economy but to increase its contribution to the European Recovery Programme, A. M. G. said.

The planned boost in steel production was reported in AMG's semi-annual review of occupation affairs.

The report said Germany's steel production had hit a new post-war high during July of 1947, 124 metric tons, an increase of 21 per cent over the previous month.

This is at an annual rate of 5,500,000 tons. The target is to step this up to 7,500,000 tons annually in 1949-50, the report said.

Under the revised level of industrial plan adopted a year ago, Western Germany self-sustaining, the production of ingot steel is permitted to reach 10,700,000 tons annually.

The deal for high grade ore from Sweden for the Ruhr mills was made under a trade agreement with the Swedes for 1949.—Associated Press.

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Uphear On Malaya

Margate, September 7. Shouts of "rubbish" and "sit down" greeted criticism of the despatch of British troops to Malaya at the Trades Union Congress here today.

Mr. L. McGee, of the Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers, objected to troops being sent, but the Chairman of the Conference ruled that the matter was irrelevant to the topic being discussed—shipbuilding.

Mr. McGee, however, continued: "I am certain that the suppression of the free peoples of Malaya."

The rest of the sentence was drowned in another outburst from the body of the meeting and the Chairman said that Mr. McGee must either speak on shipbuilding or leave the rostrum.

Mr. McGee then said that he was convinced that British men and women would make every sacrifice to increase production if assured that any increase would be along the lines of peace and democracy.—Reuter.

Other TUC reports on Page 5.

Governor Off To Peiping

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham and Lady Grantham will leave for Peiping today, where they intend to spend a short holiday. His Excellency and Lady Grantham are expected to return on September 24.

Carried Communist Propaganda

A 30-year-old Chinese was arrested on Tuesday night with Communist propaganda material in his possession, the Sing Tao Wan Pao reported yesterday.

A Government spokesman confirmed the arrest, but added that there was "no attempt to make" regarding the report that the man was carrying Communist literature at the time of his arrest.

The Chinese evening newspaper said that the man was arrested by detectives at Tai Nam Street, Shamshuipo District, on Tuesday night.

He was escorted to the Special Branch (Political) late the same night for questioning.

The Weather

An intense depression centred over SW Asia is moving quickly SE and also from it a trough extends south-west to Formosa. Pressure is high over N and central China and in a ridge of the Pacific anticyclone extending across the Indian and N. Indian to the China Sea and Malaya.

Today's Forecast—Light variable or easterly winds. Partly cloudy, isolated thundery showers.

Yesterday's Weather—Maximum: 83.8 deg. F. Minimum: 60.1 deg. F. Sunshine: 4.4 hours.

Results at 10 a.m. Total since Jan. 1—1948: mm.—74.17 in. as against an average of 171.18 mm.—66.76 in.

Three robbers, two of whom were armed, entered No. 29 Tai Po Road, third floor, Shamshuipo, at about 11.30 a.m. yesterday and robbed the occupants of money and valuables worth \$1,500.

Mollers' To Help Clear Manila Bay

Manila, September 8.

The Philippine Government today awarded contracts for clearing Manila Bay and other Philippine waters of sunken ships and debris to Charles Choy of Philippine Incorporated and Mollers' Limited of Hong Kong.

Choy and Mollers' will pay the Philippine Government \$930,770 for the operation and agreed to turn over 60 per cent of whatever gold and silver coin may be salvaged to the Government. Work must start within 30 days.

The contract specifies that the two firms will erect a mill for processing scrap. Some 32,000 tons of scrap steel is expected to be processed, of which 11,000 tons are to be sold to the Philippine Government for US\$110 a ton compared to the present market price of US\$137.5 a ton.

On Other Pages

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Hymn "Football Prospects."

Local salvage companies are uninterested in the big clearing job. One source told the Associated Press that of 84 sunken ships in Manila Bay not one has escaped a careful going over from divers on scavenger permits in the past three years.

Coal Removed
Strong boxes have been dynamited open and valuables, if any, removed. In one case, divers removed 3,000 tons of coal from a sunken ship basket by basket at the rate of 100 tons a day.

Unfathomed, however, was a cargo of iron ore from Hainan aboard a sunken Japanese ship and a cargo of Philippine manganese.

The most valuable cargo in sunken ships is in San Fernando, and in Union where the two ships loaded with high-grade copper were sunk by American bombers.

One vessel is still at dock and the other in harbour. Whether the Repanto Copper Company still has legal claim on the copper which was taken from its mines by the Japanese, has not been decided.—Associated Press.

Singapore, September 8. The United States cruiser Toledo and two escorting destroyers sailed for Tientsin, China, today on the last leg of the goodwill tour to the Far East.—Associated Press.

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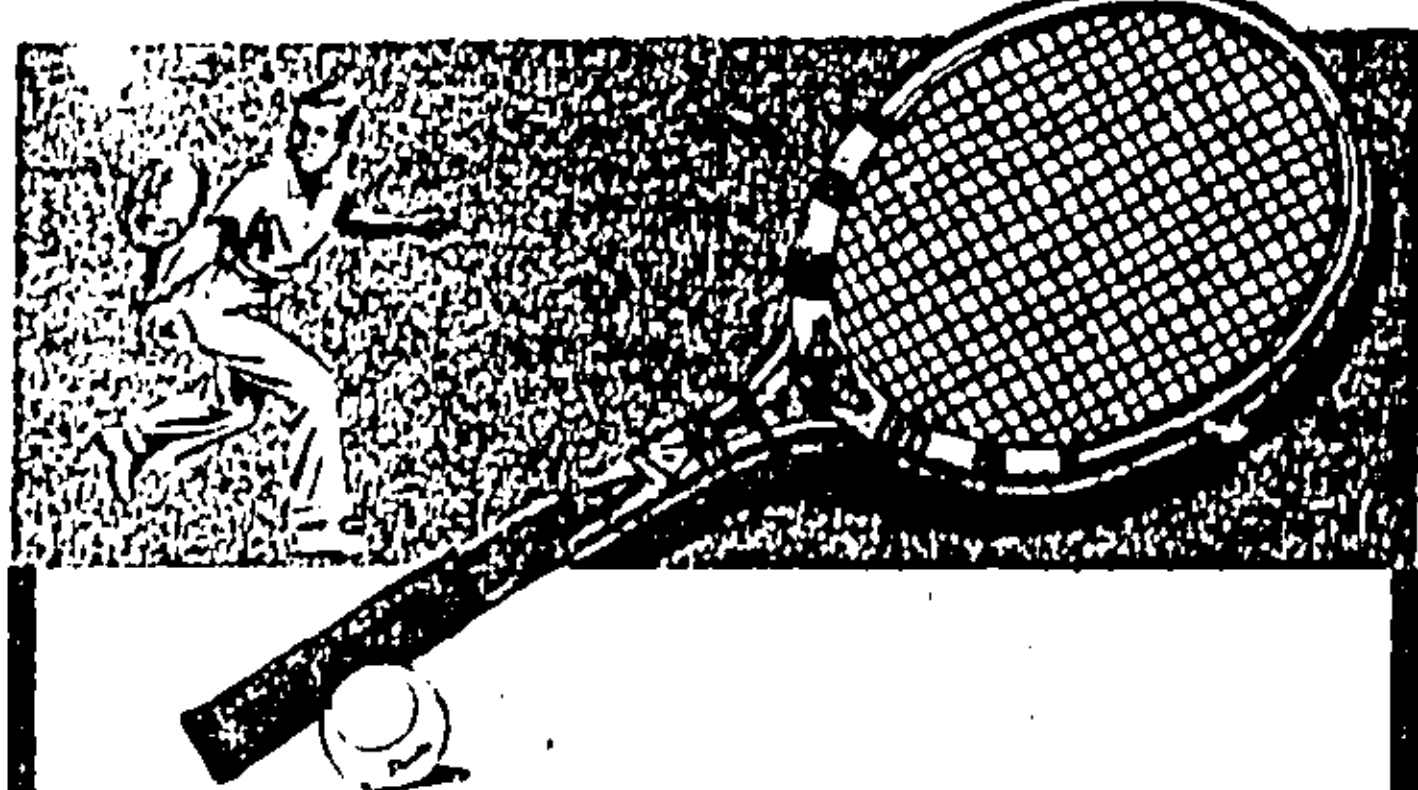
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FINES DO NOT DETER PROFITEERING FIRMS

On information given by Kwong Kwok Lee of Willy Store, 33 Pilsom Street, the Yat Cheong Store of 6 to 16 Saigon Street was summoned before Mr. J. Wicks at Kowloon yesterday for overcharging on two tins of strawberry jam.

The summons, taken out by Mr. J. H. G. Pitman, Chief Inspector of the Department of Supplies, Trade and Industry (Price Control section), alleged that defendant-firm charged \$1.95 on each 24-ounce tin instead of \$1.50, the controlled price.

On the application of Mr. A. S. C. Comber, hearing was adjourned until September 22.

In the course of hearing of the other 15 summons, Mr. Pitman said that the imposition of a small fine was no deterrent, as this could be made up within a day.

Mr. Wicks: Yes, but I am taking into consideration the fact that there might be a genuine misunderstanding where the overcharge was given in the price tag.

Inspector Relative

When the case of Chan Yiu-wing of the Chan Cho Kee shop of 409 Shanghai Street was called, Mr. Pitman informed the court that a former Price Control inspector is a relative of the owner, an old woman. It was arranged that the ex-inspector should tabulate the prices of all things in the shop.

While she was away purchasing ink and tags, three STI inspectors called and, on asking

for a packet of Nacet razor blades, were given a packet "containing rusty blades that no one would buy" and charged \$1.50 instead of 80 cents. The court said: Mr. Pitman really laid with the ex-inspector for being out of the shop. Defendant, with a previous conviction, was cautioned.

Other summons heard were: Tin On shop of 444 Shanghai Street fined \$30 for overcharging 15 cents on a tin of oats; \$10 fine against the Wong Che Yuen Grocery of 154 Wauchoy Street for an excess charge of five cents on the same product; and \$50 penalty on the Nam Kee of 81 Nga Tsin Long Road for a similar offence.

Newly-Opened

Yin Yum-pun of the Wah Lee of 520 Canton Road told the court that the shop was a newly-opened one. A line of \$5 was imposed for charging 70 cents instead of \$0.50 on a tin of Maxine soap. A second offender, the Garden Co. Ltd. (second branch) of 202 Leitchfield Road was fined \$225 for selling a tin of Nestlé's cocoa at \$3.10 instead of \$3, and for not having a price tag.

The Tsui Yuen Cafe of 80 Nan Chang Street was fined \$180 for an excess charge of five cents on a bottle of fresh milk. The Mak Wei fruit store, at the entrance of Argyle Street near Shanghai Street was fined \$55 for overcharging 10 cents on two lemons. This concern was fined \$10 last year for overcharging on oranges, said Mr. Pitman.

A small Chinese medicine store, in Man Cho Tong, at the 412 corner of 140 Nan Chang Street, was fined \$19 for an overcharge on a bottle of liniment; the Park Kai store of 255 Tai Nam Street was penalized in the sum of \$50 for excess charge on a tin of dentifrice; and the Chi Chong store of 748 Nathan Road was fined \$40 for selling two lemons for 80 cents instead of 70 cents.

A fine of \$75 was imposed on the Shing Lung store of 28 Wai Ching Street for selling a 20-ounce tin of oats at an excess price of five cents. For selling a 20-ounce tin of oats at five cents more than the controlled price, the Wai Shing store of 27 Wai Ching Street was fined \$10. The same penalty was imposed on the Shui Kee shop of 35 Peking Road for charging an additional 10 cents on a packet of razor blades.

Births Above Average

Births during the week ended August 28 were 300 more than the weekly average, according to official figures announced yesterday. Births outnumbered deaths by more than four and a half to one.

Between August 21 and 28, births totalled 1,145 as against 252 deaths. Most of the births were recorded on the island. Twenty-one dumped bodies were picked up during the same period.

From January 1 to August 28, deaths from tuberculosis totalled 1,293; from enteric fever, 45; from diphtheria, 22; from meningitis, 17; from measles, four and from rabies, one.

ILLEGAL FISH SALE

Ng Wai, aged 17, hawker, was sentenced to a fine of \$400 or one month's imprisonment by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Central yesterday for selling fish in a place where the sale of fish is prohibited. He pleaded guilty.

Defendant was found exposing the fish at Elgin Street near Staunton Street on Tuesday when he was arrested.

MEAN TRICK EARNED HIM HARD LABOUR

What was described by Detective-Inspector C. Dowman as "a very mean trick to play on people who want and are prepared to work" earned for 22-year-old Au Yeung Yat-hung six months' hard labour, at Kowloon yesterday.

The swindle, said Det.-Inspector Dowman, was a very common one and it is surprising that people keep on falling for it, despite the publicity given by the Press to cases of this type.

"A pretty bad type of swindle on people who are genuinely desirous of obtaining work and who could hardly afford the money they had to pay out," was the comment of Mr. J. Wicks prior to passing sentence.

Ho Sai-mui, the 19-year-old common law wife of Au Yeung Yat-hung, had her plea of not guilty accepted by Det.-Inspector Dowman. She was discharged after the prosecuting officer informed the court that he believed that she was under the influence of the man and did not know that it was a swindle.

Det.-Inspector Dowman said that both defendants lived together, and that the man told the woman that he was able to obtain employment for male and female workers at the Kowloon Docks at \$4 per day.

Pay Before Work

When Chan Suk-ching, a woman friend of the second defendant, called at their unimpaired but one day in July, Ho told her about the employment, and that it was necessary for a man labourer to deposit 20 days' pay, and a woman worker eight days' pay, before they could get work. This woman paid \$32 to the first accused in the presence of the second.

On August 2, Chan Yee, a

FORCED BY GUERILLAS TO CARRY AMMUNITION

Faced with the dire threats of having his farms burned down and his family killed, Law Mau-chuan, 34-year-old shop keeper of Tung Cheong Street, Tai Po Market, was forced to transport ammunition from Kowloon to the Chinese Territories.

According to a statement he made to Detective Sub-Inspector J. P. Waldron when he was arrested on July 16, he was approached by Wong Ming, leader of the guerillas, on July 14 and told to bring some machine gun ammunition to the Chinese border.

He refused at first, but agreed to do so when Wong and another man told him later the same afternoon that unless he agreed his farms and house at Nam Chung Village would be burned, and his wife and two children killed.

Charged before Mr. J. Wicks at Kowloon yesterday with possession of 2,000 rounds of 40 machine gun ammunition and 600 rounds of nine millimetre Sten gun bullets, Law, who was represented by Mr. P. J. Clifford, was committed for trial.

DSI Waldron said that at 10 p.m. on July 16, a party of police on patrol at Fanling saw, private car 7035 approaching the cross-

ing. They stopped the vehicle and searched it. In the luggage carrier Detective-Corporal Chan Leung found several packages which defendant, who was sitting at the back, said contained dynamite.

Contained Ammunition

On being opened, the packages were found to contain the ammunition, and defendant, the driver, and the car brought back to Sheung Shui Police Station.

In a cautioned statement, said DSI Waldron, accused said that he was the proprietor of a shop (unnamed) at Tung Cheong Street, Tai Po Market, and was a guerilla during the last war. It was at that time that he made the acquaintance of Wong Ming.

After describing the two visits by Wong Ming on July 14, accused went on to state that, by agreement, he met Wong at the Singapore Cafe, Nathan Road, on the morning of July 16 and was then instructed to hire a private car that night and to drive out to Ntiao Chi Wai.

At 8 p.m., continued the statement, he got the car, with Chan Wah-shun driving, and at 9.30 p.m. was at Ngau Chi Wan where he was met by Wong and "two other men who placed two hemp baskets in the luggage carrier." They then drove on to the New Territories and the car was stopped at the Fanling crossing by the police party.

Did Not Know

Continuing, DSI Waldron said that when charged on the following day, accused stated that he was transported for others. I did not know those were ammunition," accused, who questioned, "did that they came from Kowloon and were going to the Chinese Territories."

Wan-chin, who was originally charged with accused but was released on Monday, said he was a taxi driver and saw the accused during the Japanese occupation. At 1 p.m. on July 10 he was asked by Law to hire a private car 7035 from the Po On Garage, Nathan Road, and after meeting Law outside the Singapore Cafe, drove on to Kowloon City, where they continued to the New Territories.

BIG OPIUM DIVAN RAIDED

A very large opium divan, contained in an unnumbered hut at Sai Tau Village, Kowloon City, was raided by Divisional Superintendent George Leys on Tuesday, and the keeper and 14 smokers arrested.

Smoking paraphernalia seized included 11 opium pipes, two big and 32 small pots of prepared opium and 1.2 taels of raw opium. When the case was called before Mr. J. Wicks at Kowloon yesterday, Chan Cheung, the alleged keeper, and another defendant were remanded until today.

Nine smokers were fined \$35 each, three \$40 each, and one had his bail of \$100 forfeited.

Chan King-ching, 32-year-old shop foh, was also remanded until today when he was charged before Mr. Wicks yesterday with keeping an opium divan at an unnumbered hut at Tung Tau Village, Kowloon City, on September 7.

Lost \$100

One smoker, arrested by Detective Sub-Inspector D. H. Taylor during the raid, had his bail of \$100 forfeited.

Three months' hard labour and a recommendation for banishment was the sentence passed on Wong Chi-pul when he admitted keeping an opium divan at 375 Reclamation Street, first floor, on Tuesday.

Sub-inspector J. H. Evans informed the court that three were found seven smokers, seven beds, a large pot of opium, one pipe and 14 lamps on the premises when it was raided by Divisional Superintendent Luscombe and Detective Sub-Inspector J. R. Sykes on Tuesday.

Two of the smokers were fined \$40 each, and the remaining five \$35 each.

'Penthouse' Brothel

A hut on the roof of 55, Temple Street, for which she paid a monthly rental of \$10, was used as a brothel by Chan Sze, a 45-year-old widow.

The place was raided by Inspector T. Collins at 12.10 a.m. yesterday when four girls and two Chinese clients were found. Two of the girls said that they gave Chan 80 cents each out of the \$2 they received from their patrons.

Charged before Mr. J. Wicks at Kowloon yesterday with keeping a brothel, Chan was fined \$250 or a month's hard labour, plus a month's hard labour.

On the application of Inspector J. Orem, an order for the destruction of the hut will be served on the landlord.

An Evening Song Service by the Chinese Christian Choir will be held at the Baptist Church, Caine Road, at 8.30 p.m. tomorrow. Admission is free.

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PAYMENT FOR ALL ITEMS USED

Farewell Parade For C-In-C

A farewell parade to Admiral Sir Denis Boyd will be held on the Hong Kong Cricket Club ground at 11 a.m. tomorrow.

The parade will consist of small detachments from the Royal Navy, the 2nd Battalion The Buffs, and the Royal Air Force accompanied by the band of the Buffs. The Buffs will also parade their Regimental Colour.

After the parade, Admiral Boyd will be the guest of the President of the Hong Kong Cricket Club. He will leave the Club house at about 11.45 a.m. for Queen's Pier where he will embark in a whaler manned by five Senior Royal Naval Officers and be pulled to HMS Alert, in which he is sailing, to Singapore where the shore headquarters of the Far East Station will be situated.

A farewell dinner to Admiral Sir Denis Boyd and Lady Boyd was given by Commodore C.L. Robertson and Mrs. Robertson last night at the Commodore's Residence.

Among the guests were Rear-Admiral and Mrs. A.C.G. Madden, Major-General and Mrs. F.R.G. Matthews, Air Commodore and Mrs. S.N. Webster and other officers of the Services.



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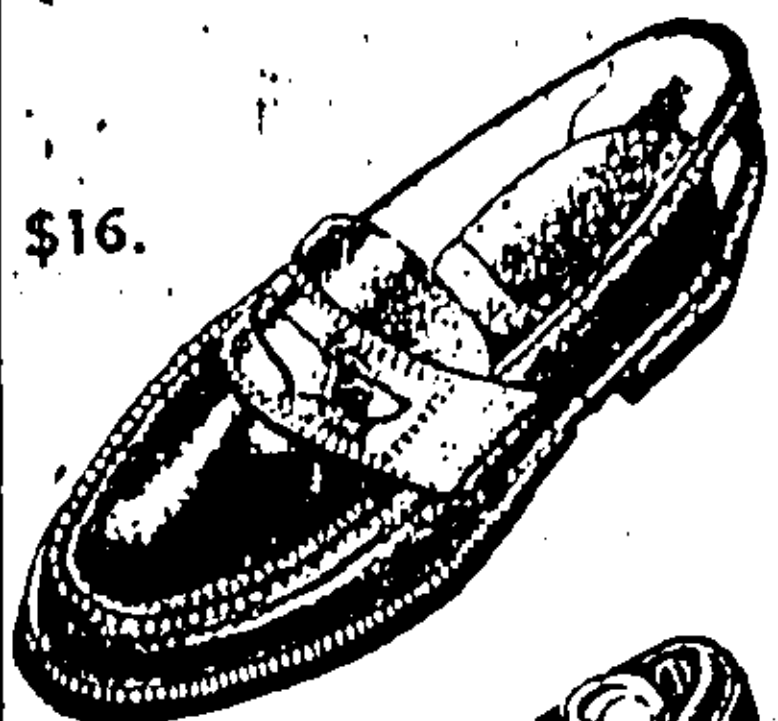
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KOWLOON

UNOFFICIALS SAY STAMP ORDINANCE PROVIDES DISGUISED CAPITAL LEVY

(Continued from Page 1)
When the Stamp Amendment Bill was up for second reading yesterday, part of opposition to it came from Sir Man-kam Lo who said:

"When the Taxation Committee recommended the imposition of a 10 per cent tax on conveyance duty on property, which resulted in the enactment of the amendment to the Stamp Ordinance which this Bill now seeks to repeal, I feel quite sure it was not because the Committee considered that the 10 per cent duty on conveyance was too low in relation to the incidence of taxation on other forms of property, but rather because of the enormous profits from property transactions which were then obtained. It was indeed realised that the 10 per cent excess duty would be a temporary measure, and that it should be withdrawn when these excessive profits disappeared. The machinery for carrying out the imposition of the 10 per cent duty has proved to be cumbersome and to involve intolerable delay. Hence this Bill.

Involved Delay
"Since the carrying out of this imposition has proved in practice to involve delay—and I can assure definitely that such delay exists—I agree that it should be repealed. But to replace a temporary tax based solely on profits by a tax of three per cent on the consideration of a new conveyance of property which has not already borne the 10 per cent excessive tax, and irrespective of whether there be any profits or not in respect of such conveyance.

Air Pilots' Cocktail Party

"Celebrating their re-establishment since the end of the war, the British Air Pilots' Association held a cocktail party at the Jacobean Room, Hong Kong Hotel, yesterday evening.
A large number of guests were present, including the Governor and Lady Grant. The Association is an organisation confined to pilots of British commercial air lines, and was started in 1936 on lines similar to the British Medical Association. It is affiliated to the Imperial Federation of Air Pilots which is the main body to decide on qualifications for air pilots for all countries.
The Association is recognised by the British Ministry of Civil Aviation as a body to sit with them once every three months to settle on qualifications for air pilots.
The Hong Kong Council of the Association, a five-man body, was set up in March last, under the chairmanship of Captain J.D. Varley. The local Association has at present a membership of 20, and they are inviting more members to join.

Personalia

Among the departures from the Peninsula Hotel on Tuesday were Mrs. A.H. Tenbruggen, Mr. and Mrs. H.W. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. J.H. McKelvey, Mr. and Mrs. W.M. Maggs, R. Gorman, J. Rechter, W.Y. Lin, and S. Tong.
Arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Tuesday included Mrs. Nancy Choa, Mrs. W.B. Boyer, Mr. C.F. Thomson, Major and Mrs. E.J. Grayson, and Mr. A.L. Pustec.

Messrs. L. Warner, Peter F. Lim, Long Te, Lim Ang, Tan Pao and Si Bok were among the passengers who arrived in Hong Kong from Manila by C.P.A. today.

Among those who boarded the CPA plane for Manila yesterday were James L. Feller, Robert Thorpe, Richard M. Daniels, Robert Nelson, Warren Webster, Captain E. Carr, Paula L. Tach and Otto Tach Irrgang.

Mrs. Ng May Lai was married to Mr. Dennis Ronald Williams, Seaman of The Melbourne Hotel, at the Supreme Court Marriage Registry yesterday in the presence of Mr. A. Sterling and Mr. A.E. Gomes.

A reception in honour of Mr. H.W. Chinn, Social Welfare Adviser to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, visited the Tung Wah Hospital yesterday. He was accompanied by Mr. MacDoull, Hong Kong's Social Welfare Officer, and Mr. Chung King-pul, of the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs.

Mr. Chinn was welcomed by the Board of Directors at the Hospital. Mr. Lam Hau-tak, Chairman of the Board, showed Mr. Chinn the various departments of the hospital.

is quite another matter. It amounts in effect to a capital levy on three per cent on sale of property. My colleagues and I consider that this new tax is wrong in principle. But as the difference in property values between the pre-war and post-war periods is still considerable, it can perhaps be justified as a temporary, rough and ready expedient to compensate revenue for the loss involved in the repeal of the 10 per cent excess tax. I therefore do not propose to oppose this three per cent tax on the understanding that as far as I am concerned, I regard this tax—like the 10 per cent excess duty—only as a temporary measure.

"But my colleagues and I cannot see any reason for increasing the ad valorem duty at all. If Government requires more revenue there must obviously be new taxation, but the incidence of such a tax should be carefully considered and equitably distributed.

"I cannot extract from the objects and reasons that such consideration has in fact been given. In the hope however, that Government may accept an amendment, the Unofficials intend to introduce, we propose to agree to an increase in the ad valorem duty from 11 to 12 per cent.

Not More Than \$2
"It is the unanimous view of the Unofficial Members that the ad valorem duty should not be increased to more than \$2 and accordingly I shall, at the appropriate stage, move in Committee that the symbol and figure '53' be replaced by '2'.

The senior Unofficial member, Mr. D.F. Landale, who spoke next was against any capital levy at all irrespective of percentage. He would prefer to see the present rate of 10 per cent on excess values remain in force.

"I admit that the collection of this imposition has proved unsatisfactory in practice, but the remedy to this does not, in my opinion, lie in altering the very nature of the tax from one on excess values to an ad valorem duty. I would rather see the department whose duty it is to collect this tax, re-inforced in order to meet the shortcomings," Mr. Landale said.

"Nor can I willingly agree to the duty on all conveyances being rebled, even doubled. There is no equity, in my view, for the transfer duty on one class of assets being out of line with that of any other type of asset. "I therefore, in the first instance, intend to cast my vote against the motion."

Owners' Burden
Mr. T.N. Chau, senior Chinese member, shared the view of Mr. Landale. He said he held no brief for property owners, but he felt it unjustified that while sale of shares is carried out ad valorem duty of only one per cent there was no reason why property should pay three per cent. Property owners were already bearing the burden of two other taxes—17 per cent rates and 10 per cent property tax. He opposed the proposed three per cent levy.

Mr. P.S. Cassidy, member representing the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce, said:

"There is, however, one point I should like cleared up and that is the question of the 53 excess duty. Under Section 3, 5A (1) of the Ordinance, the sale of shares is carried out ad valorem duty of only one per cent, whereas the conveyance of a particular property, in addition to the increased duty of 53, or whether the excess duty is only levied on the first conveyance. In the event of 10 per cent not having been paid already, I shall be glad if my Honourable Friend will remove what seems to me to be an ambiguity. As it reads at present it almost suggests that the duty is virtually one of six per cent."

Disguised Capital Levy
"I should like to add a word or two to what my Unofficial colleagues have already said on introducing what amounts to a capital levy in the guise of an increase in an existing duty. It is perhaps not unnatural for Government to view with a jealous eye the fat profits which have been derived from property deals during the past year or so. The 10 per cent excess duty to which most of the property deals of recent months have been subjected will have brought into revenue a windfall which is not likely to be repeated now that the boom in property seems to have subsided. Revenue derived from pro-

perty transactions is bound to fluctuate, and from a budgetary point of view it cannot be relied upon as a steady source of income.

"There are already available to Government means of satisfying the rich and I should have thought that nothing would be done to discourage transactions which assist in that housing development which the Colony is clamouring for."

Railway Ordinance Amendment

The Railway (Amendment) Ordinance 1948, passed its first reading in Legislative Council yesterday.

It provides for the examination of passengers' luggage and freight as an anti-smuggling measure, and also for payment of awards to persons laying information in connection with goods on trains which are neither bona fide passengers' luggage or goods on which freight has been paid.

The Trade Commissioner's Privileges Ordinance 1948 was also passed into law.

The Ordinance provides for the removal of taxes, duties and fees to which trade commissioners and assistant trade commissioners may be subjected, when payment of such moneys is inconsistent with the privileges of that office.

Reminders

Today

Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon, screening of "The Magic Wire" Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.

Y's Men's Club luncheon, Roof Garden, H.K. Hotel, 12.45 p.m.

Y's Men's Club meeting, Catholic Club, film show, Queen's Road, Central, 7.30 p.m.

Club night by Younger Set, European YMCA, 8 p.m.

Hong Kong-Kowloon Labour Union inaugural luncheon, Ying King Restaurant, 10 a.m. dinner: 9 p.m.

Coming Events
TOMORROW

Evening Song Service, Baptist Church, Caine Rd., 8.30 p.m.

Talk on "Postwar Changes in English Education" by Miss J.N. Stokes, sponsored by Sino-British Club, at Public Relations Office, Lecture Room, 4.15 p.m.

Talk on "Berlin" by Col. Lament, European YMCA, 8.30 p.m.

SATURDAY
North Point Wharves, Ltd., statutory meeting, Jacobean Room, H.K. Hotel: 12 noon.

H.K. School for the Deaf, ceremony of laying foundation stone, Diamond Hill, 3.30 p.m.

Kowloon Cricket Club Cabaret Dance, 9 p.m. to 2 a.m.

Seven-a-side Stanley Shield Soccer Competition, H.K. Football Club ground, 3 p.m.

Entries close for Annual Swimming Championships.

SUNDAY
Classical Concert, Tse H. Club, Talbot House, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.

Seven-a-side Stanley Shield Soccer Competition, H.K. Football Club ground, 3 p.m. onwards.

TUESDAY
H.K. Football Association Council meeting, Prince's Bldg., 5.15 p.m.

H.K. Rotary Club luncheon, Roof Garden, H.K. Hotel, 12.30 p.m.

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TRIBUNAL REFUSES TO EVICT: OWNER APPEALS

An appeal against the decision of a Tenancy Tribunal refusing to grant an eviction order against The To Sau Girls' School, was heard yesterday by Mr. Justice Gould (Puisne Judge), who reserved judgment after submissions by Counsel.

The Tribunal had refused to grant an eviction order because it considered that there would be greater hardship on the respondents than the appellant and also because it was satisfied that there was not any unwillingness on the respondent's part to pay the rent.

The Hon. Mr. Leo d'Almada e Castro, K.C., instructed by Mr. E. Zimmermann of Messrs. Zimmermann & Co., represented the appellant, Mr. Samuel Macomber Churn.

Mr. A. J. Clifford, instructed by Mr. Peter H. Sin of Messrs. Peter Sin & Co., represented the respondents, The To Sau Girls' School of 102 Argyle Street, Kowloon.

The appeal was based on the ground that the Tenancy Tribunal's decision on the appellant's application under section 18 (c) of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance was wrong in law or, alternatively, that the Tenancy Tribunal had misdirected itself in law.

HK HOTEL MANAGER SUMMONED

The manager of the Hong Kong Hotel, Mr. J.H. Ehrlich, was summoned before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday for furnishing the Quartering Authority, on its request, information which he had reasonable cause to believe was false in a material particular, contrary to the Defence Regulations.

Mr. A. Hooton was for the prosecution and Mr. R. A. Wadeson for the defence. There was, therefore, no rent lawfully due as would give a right to a landlord to distrain or a Tenancy Tribunal to evict.

Mr. Wadeson asked the crown to furnish particulars of the offence and to say if the information supplied was in writing or verbal, and in what material way the information furnished was incorrect.

Mr. Hooton promised to furnish these particulars.

The summons will be heard on November 18, 21, 23 and 25.

One Rubber Co. Gains, One Loses

The 33rd ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the Sui Nanggis Rubber Company Limited was held yesterday, when it was disclosed that the net loss for the year ended December 31, 1947, was HK\$33,379.00.

Present at the meeting were Mr. W. A. Welch (Chairman), Mr. H. Kadoorie (Director), Mr. C.E. Abbas (representing the secretaries and general managers, J.A. Wattle & Co., Ltd.), and shareholders representing 50,400 shares.

A net profit of HK\$32,202.00 was disclosed by the Chairman, Mr. W. A. Welch, at the 33rd Ordinary General Meeting of The Shanghai-Malay Rubber Estates Limited yesterday.

Present at the meeting were Mr. W. A. Welch (Chairman), Mr. H. Kadoorie (Director), Mr. C.E. Abbas (representing the secretaries and general managers, J.A. Wattle & Co., Ltd.), and shareholders representing 32,100 shares.

After the conclusion of the annual general meeting, special meetings of ordinary and preference shareholders were held concerning the conversion, as on the 1st of September 1948, of the authorised capital of the company from Taels into Hong Kong Dollars, making the authorised capital of the Company HK\$500,000.00 and the issued capital of the Company HK\$573,800.00.

There being no questions on the resolutions, it was agreed that the directors be authorised to take all steps to effect such conversion.

The eviction order was made by Mr. D. L. Strellett, sitting as a Magistrate in the Tenancy Tribunal, on July 17, 1948, and related to the premises now occupied by Mr. Mercado and Mrs. Kovach at Shop 7C Alexandra Building.

Mr. B. A. Bernacchi, instructed by Mr. Y. K. Kan of Messrs. Lo and Lo represented Mr. Mercado and Mrs. Kovach, while Mackintosh's Limited were represented by Mr. D. A. L. Wright, instructed by Mr. J. T. Prior of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist.

The appeal was based on grounds of mixed law and fact. Proceedings yesterday were confined to legal submissions by Mr. Bernacchi and Mr. Wright.

JUDGMENT RESERVED ON APPEAL

Judgment was reserved yesterday by Sir Leslie Gibson (Chief Justice), on the appeal by Mr. L. Mercado and Mrs. Kovach against the eviction order made in favour of Mackintosh's Limited.

The eviction order was made by Mr. D. L. Strellett, sitting as a Magistrate in the Tenancy Tribunal, on July 17, 1948, and related to the premises now occupied by Mr. Mercado and Mrs. Kovach at Shop 7C Alexandra Building.

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The appeal was based on grounds of mixed law and fact. Proceedings yesterday were confined to legal submissions by Mr. Bernacchi and Mr. Wright.

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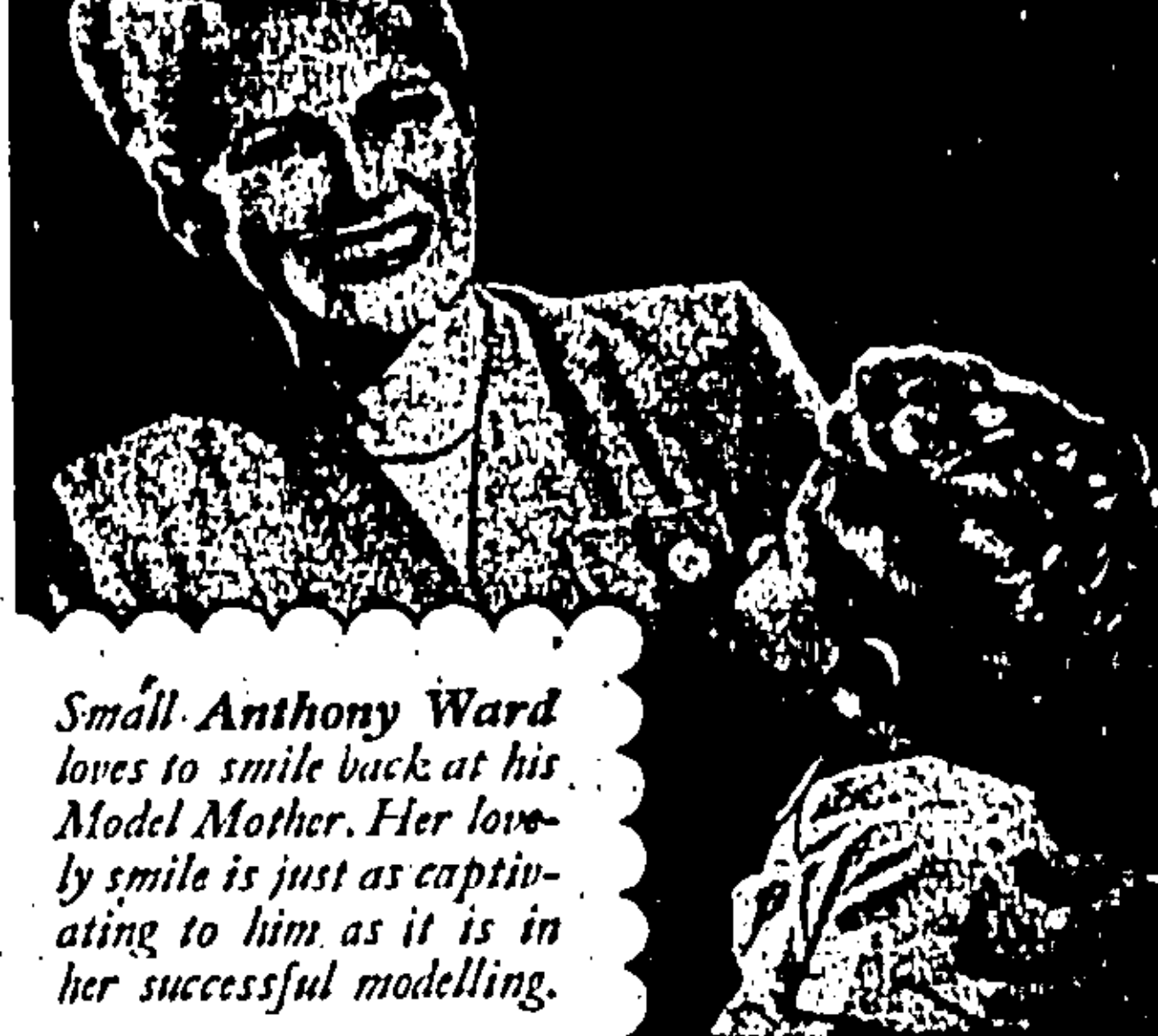
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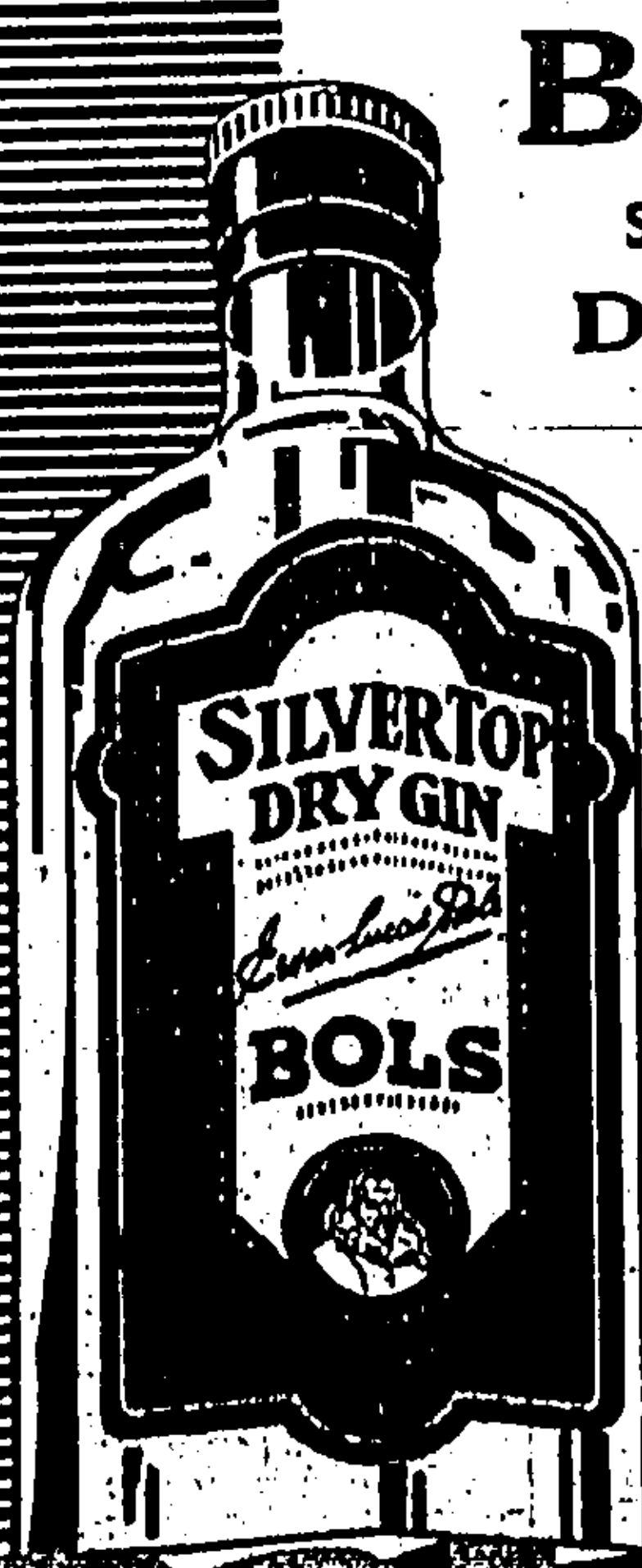
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TUC ASKS FOR MORE WORKERS' SHARE IN INDUSTRY CONTROL

CRITICISM OF NATIONALISATION BOARDS

Margate, September 7.

The Trades Union Congress, representing 8,000,000 workers, today unanimously asked for increased workers' participation in the control of Britain's nationalised industries.

A resolution passed by the Congress welcomed the nationalisation of the nation's basic industries but expressed concern at the present composition of the Boards responsible for running them.

The nationalised industries include railways, civil aviation, other inland transport, gas, electricity and coal.

The Congress debate on productivity was inaugurated in a speech by Sir Mark Hodgson of the Ironmakers' Union and Steel Shipbuilders Society.

Sir Mark made a call for "action stations" for greater productivity efficiency but the Congress will not face the really crucial issues of Britain's economic survival—summed up by the Chancellor today—until Thursday when it debates the Government's "freeze wages, prices and profits policy."

And, as is expected, finally re-emerges it.

The Congress' resolution welcoming the nationalisation of basic industries stated that workers' participation could only be obtained from trade union ranks. It added that the people appointed to administer the nationalised industries should be chosen because of proved ability and belief in nationalisation.

Grave Concern

The nationalisation of the key industries has been a major plank of the Labour Government.

Mr. J. H. Higgins, a member of the General Council and Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, moving the resolution, said that, unless the Trade Union Movement made a great success of the nationalised industries, they would leave themselves open to a very serious attack on Labour's policy.

There was very grave concern in the minds of trade unionists, particularly in the railway unions, on the composition of the boards set up under the Transport Act.

On the Transport Commission, there was only one representative of the Trade Union Movement, a former secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen.

On the Railway Executive Committee, there was also only one representative.

Sir George Chester, replying on behalf of the General Council, said "nobody could quarrel" with the contention that people on nationalisation boards should believe in the policy of nationalisation. But he thought the resolution instructed the Government almost to make it a condition in the appointments to the boards.

It should be made "unmistakably plain" that they were not seeking to impose a political test upon the people appointed.

U.S. Delegate

Hostile booing was drowned in a storm of applause when Mr. Edward J. Volz, a fraternal delegate from the American Federation of Labour, addressed the Congress today.

The interruptions came as Mr. Volz told the Conference that no trade union movement ruled by Communists "will do

Red Cross Vice-Chairman Dead

London, September 7. Sir John Kennedy, aged 70, Vice-Chairman of the British Red Cross Society, died in London on September 6, it was announced today.

He formerly commanded the 1st Division, Alershol, but in 1930 ill-health—as a result of an accident in the hunting field—made it necessary for him to retire.

Previously he commanded for a short time the 44th Home Counties Division of the Territorial Army and inaugurated the "Kennedy System" of modern training.

On leaving the Army, he devoted himself to the work of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John, and was Vice-Chairman of the Joint Emergency Committee which directed the wartime activities of the two organisations.—Reuter.

Rayon fibre £400,000, caustic soda £200,000 and cotton sewing thread £50,000.—Associated Press.

Mystery Cold Virus In The Pacific

New York, September 7.

Indication that a mysterious common cold virus lurks in mid-Pacific and may cause acute appendicitis was reported by a Marine Corps medical officer, Commander George Calvy, today.

He said the virus apparently strikes in the vicinity of the International Dateline, and to complicate the mystery only a selected group of men to have been affected.

Commander Calvy made the report in the Annals of International Medicine, telling of men aboard a naval escort carrier stricken with colds and then acute appendicitis. He broke his report into three phases.

He said the vessel was in mid-Pacific approaching the International Dateline leaving Guam six days before. There was a decided change in climatic conditions. Unexpectedly some men began to come down with colds. The passengers and officers were not stricken. Five of those becoming ill suffered symptoms of appendicitis.

The same vessel was moving westward eight weeks later toward Guam and in the same latitude and climatic environment. Again some men came down with colds and four apparently had appendicitis. Two and a half weeks later there were three more incidents of colds and six men suffered symptoms of appendicitis. This time officers and others aboard the ship were affected.

Some operations were performed and the appendicitis showed acute inflammation. Commander Calvy's report covered a period of one year aboard the naval vessel. He said that during the first six months

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"TOMORROW,
THE WORLD"

TRADE UNIONS IN COLONIES

Geneva, September 7.

Mr. Shiva Rao, India, said today that Britain's attitude to colonial trade union development was in "refreshing contrast to those of other African powers."

Speaking in the United Nations' 16-Nation Committee on non-self-governing territories, he praised the British TUC for its help and advice in building up the trade union movement in India and said he would commend the British attitude to other colonial powers.

Mr. Shiva Rao criticised particularly the Government regulations on trade unions in the Belgian Congo, saying: "They are such that I should not be surprised if practically no trade unions exist in the Congo."

A former Belgian Congo Governor said that there had been no labour conflicts in the Congo last year. All labour questions were settled amicably between labour and employers.

Mr. J. Fletcher Cooke, Britain, told the committee that it was his country's intention to give every possible encouragement to the development of trade unions in the colonies. "It is our general policy to promote collective bargaining wherever it is possible. When it is not possible, there is statutory control which directs the working conditions of the workers," he said.—Reuter.

MIGHT LEAD TO WORLD WAR

Rome, September 7.

The conflict over Palestine was a possible cause for a new world conflagration, Abi Habib Shabbah, former Lebanese Vice-Premier, told the Inter-Parliamentary Union conference here today.

Tense was endangered from many sides, but particularly by the Palestine question, he said. Delegates from Eastern Europe criticised the proposals for a Federation of Western Europe.

M. T. Cabbano, of Bulgaria declared: "The strengthening of one half of Europe with the support of a non-European power is not the best way to arrive at peace, but must be considered as preparation for war."—Reuter.

Queen's

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

Two men wanted to kill the third wanted man.

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"LEARN FROM BRITAIN" ADVICE TO CHINA

Shanghai, September 8.

Dr. Chen Li-fu, Vice-President of the Legislative Yuan, exhorted all Chinese to start on the road to democracy by learning America's spirit of freedom and Britain's spirit of abiding by law when he addressed a homecoming reception last night.

Dr. Chen spoke highly of the Moral Re-Armament Assembly, which, he said, fitted well into ancient Chinese philosophy and was "more practical than our own New Life Movement."

Participants of the Movement did not limit themselves to its service but started practising the theory among themselves. Dr. Chen was greatly impressed by what he called America's spirit of democracy which was built on two main factors—A respect for freedom and a law-abiding spirit.

On one hand, people may express any opinion they hold or vote any way they like. On the other hand, they support the motion of the majority as soon as a decision is made, even though before that they had bitter controversies.

With China adopting the new Constitution, both the Government and the people should learn something from American freedom, Dr. Chen said.

As the policy of Britain's Labour Party is similar to that of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, Dr. Chen said that he was especially interested in seeing at first hand how they were doing it in England.

What impressed him most, he said, was the admirable spirit and perseverance under the most trying conditions.

Britain's excellent economic control not only prevents inflation but evenly distributes the burden between rich and poor. Production is encouraged, rationing is strict and fair.

Whatever measures the Government adopts, the people obey faithfully without complaint or evasion.

The King and a worker get the same ration and one is limited to what he could buy even though he has more money. Whatever is good is saved for export so that the nation's foreign exchange may be increased.

Every Government official in England, unlike in China, knows his business thoroughly.—Reuter.

QUEER SPOT TO CHOOSE

Washington, September 7.

The House Committee of Un-American Activities is reported today to be checking a report that an international group of scientists plan to study astronomical signs in the middle of the Belgian Congo uranium fields.

Representative John McDowell (Republican) said: "If the report is true we want to know why they picked that particular spot for an international astronomical laboratory. In the very same region there are more workable deposits of uranium than any place in the world."

Belgium, The Netherlands and France are reported to be backing the proposed laboratory, he said.

He had noticed an obscure item in a newspaper saying that \$10,000,000 had been provided for the establishment of an observatory in the highlands of the eastern Congo and he had asked a Committee investigator to discover the source of the money and other details.—Reuter.

ADMIRAL WHO SCRUBBED DECKS

London, September 7.

One of the first officers to reach flag rank from the lower deck for nearly 100 years. Rear-Admiral Sir Benjamin C.S. Martin, who began his career scrubbing decks at sixteen, has been promoted Vice-Admiral.—Reuter.

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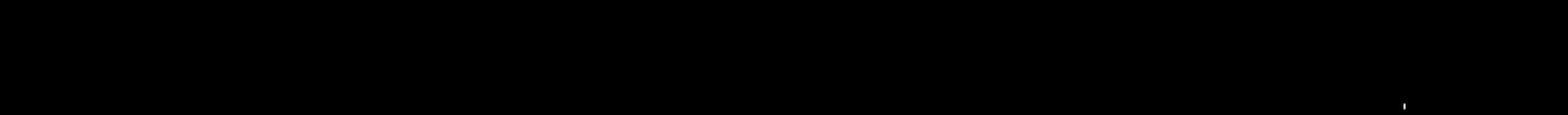
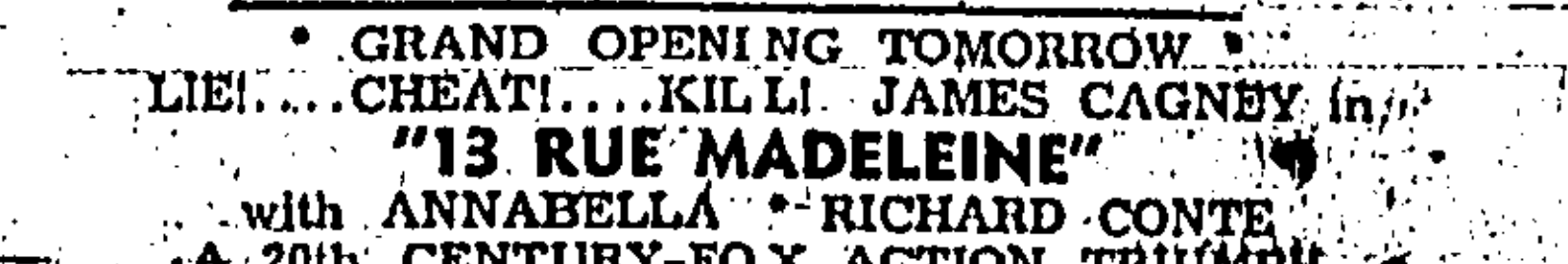
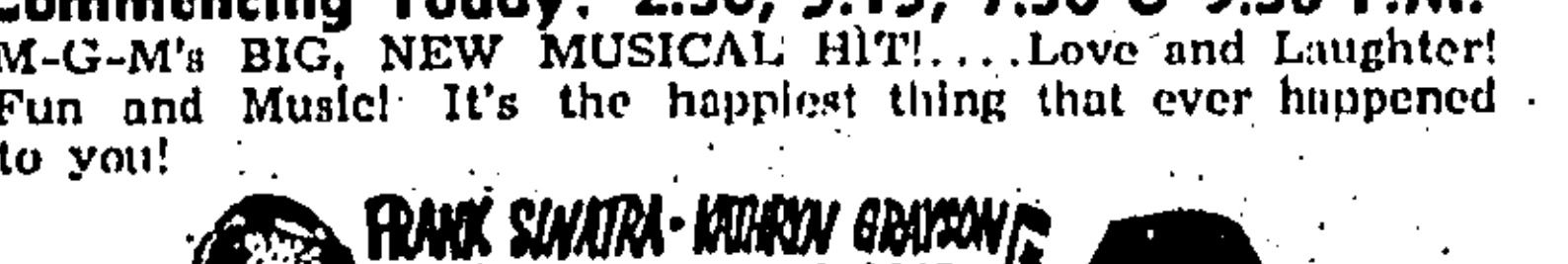
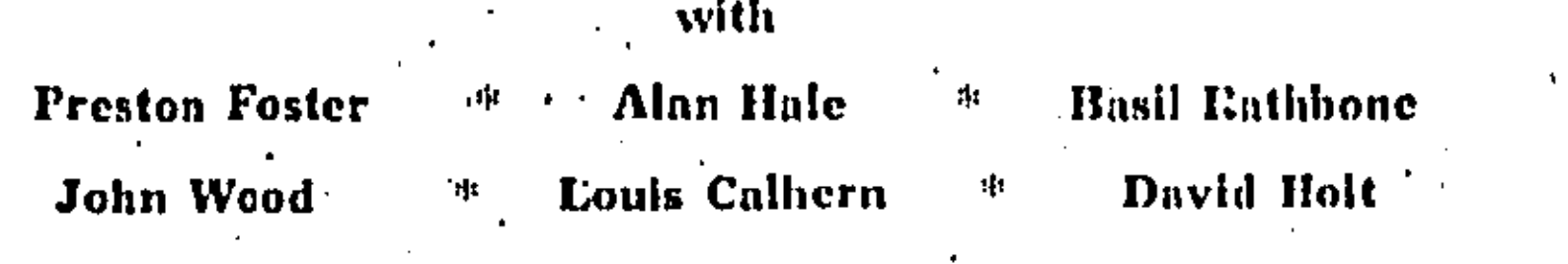
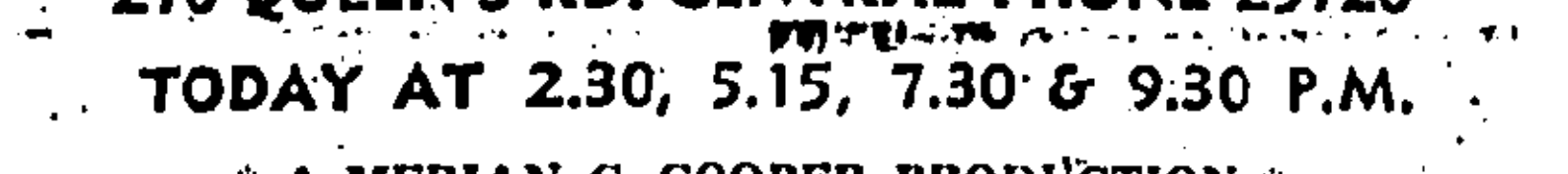
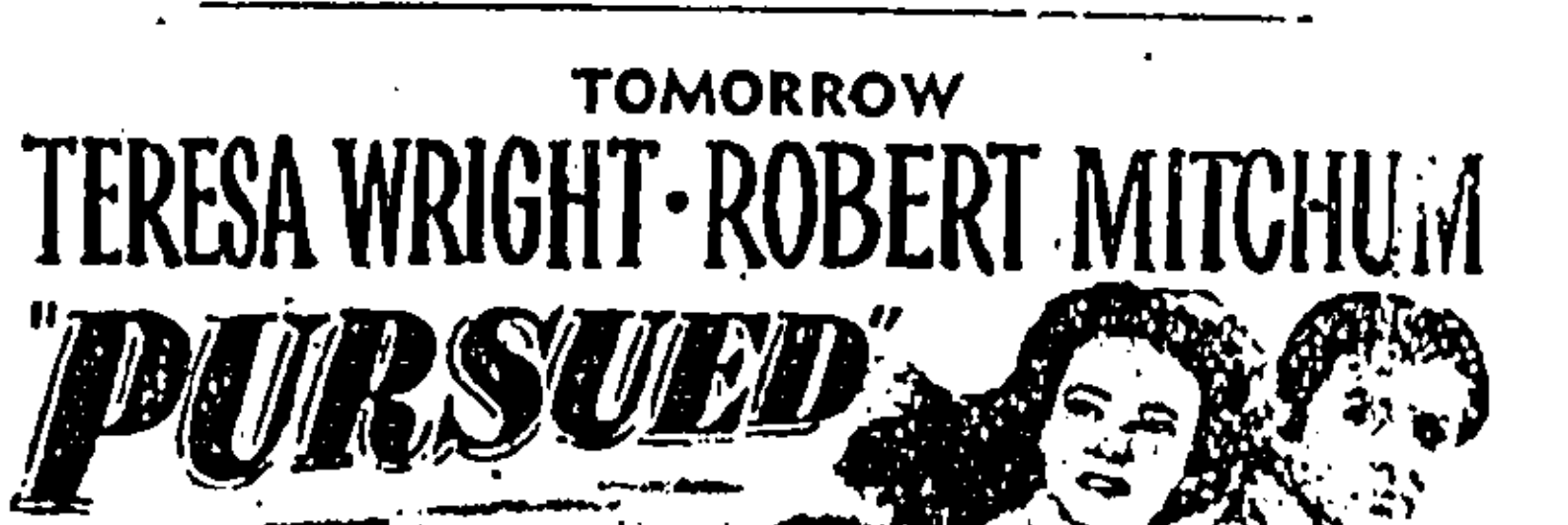
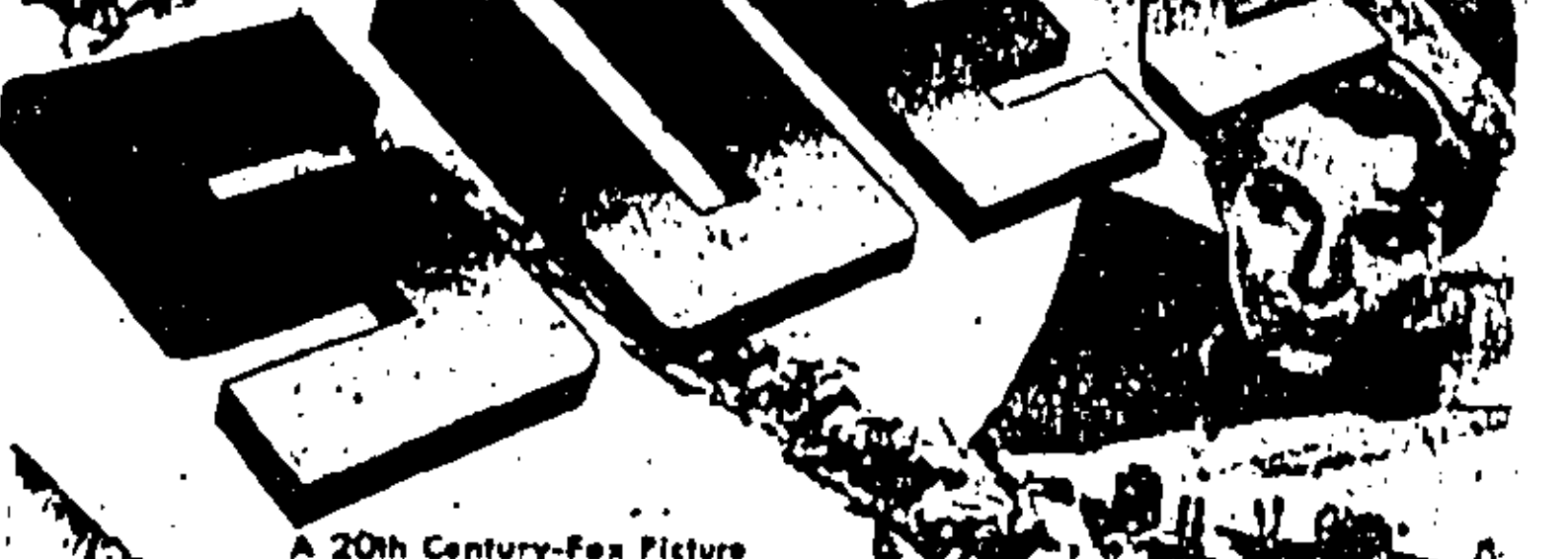
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mr. B. G. Birch wishes to express his acknowledgments and sincere thanks for flowers sent and letters received on the occasion of his late wife's funeral, and to thank friends for attendance at the funeral.

FAR-REACHING

The dismissal of Mr. Gomulka from his post of Secretary General of the Polish Communist Party may be regarded as an event of far-reaching significance. It is not only evidence of internal disagreement within the Polish Communist Party but is symptomatic of the cracks in the whole Communist edifice in Soviet satellite countries which were revealed by the expulsion of the Yugoslav Communist Party from the Cominform last June.

The Cominform's ex-communication of Marshal Tito, which has left Marshal Tito master of Yugoslavia, caused a flutter in other Communist dove-cots.

There has been anxious searching of consciences and alacrity to demonstrate loyalty to the true doctrine by nipping any heretical tendencies in the bud.

The Central Committee of the Polish Communist Party has now taken drastic action along these lines. In a public statement it has announced the existence of "Rightist and Nationalist" deviation within the Party and has followed this up by the dismissal of the foremost Polish Communist, Gomulka, from his key post.

Gomulka, it appears, was opposed to the ex-communication of Marshal Tito as establishing a precedent which he deplored. He was also opposed to the policy of agricultural collectivisation which Moscow has been seeking to impose on its satellites since the June Cominform meeting.

But Gomulka does not stand alone. Having been brought from Moscow to Poland to be placed at the head of the Polish Government and the Polish Communist Party he has acquired a wide following in the country. It is clear from the communique of the Central Committee that the infection of Rightist and Nationalist deviation has been spreading among Party members.

The moral of these developments is that they destroy the current Communist illusion that the universal reign of Communism would usher in a period of universal tranquillity in which all Communist parties would dutifully follow the Moscow party line.

It would, incidentally, be interesting to speculate whether the Kremlin would be able to count upon a greater measure of loyalty from the German Government installed by Moscow than it has met from the Poles and Yugoslavs.

Feng—The Christian General

Even supposing for a moment that the report of the death of Feng Yu-shiang is true, the event is rather lacking in political importance. His attempt to bring himself back into the picture cut very little ice and excited very little interest either in China, or in Hong Kong, where it was assumed he would find a few compatriots ready to take up a

Red Coup We Can't Stop In Berlin

By Alexander Clifford

This is the time to remember Sudentland and Mermel and Czechoslovakia and all the other places where Democracy has been bamboozled and sabotaged and defeated.

For it is happening again here and now in Berlin under the very noses of the British, American, and French occupation forces.

The Communists, backed by the Russians, are in the process of seizing control of the freely elected and overwhelmingly anti-Communist Berlin City Council.

One can watch it happening and one can do nothing about it. The process is so absurd that it makes you want to howl with laughter, and so horrible that it makes you want to howl with rage.

It is already far advanced. The City Council is equipping helplessly in the trap. The whole paraphernalia of a totalitarian coup d'etat is on display.

Climax Is Near

The foundation of lies and confusion has been carefully laid. The phoney provocations have been staged. The detestable indignation has been whipped up. The carefully arranged spontaneous demonstrations are being held. The fiery, threatening speeches are being made. The stage-managed climax is now very near.

This is the Communist line of argument. The Western Allies by introducing their own currency into Berlin deliberately forced the Russians to impose the blockade.

The whole thing is part of a Western plot to ruin Berlin by splitting it in two.

The Allies have already managed to divide the police force in half, and the food organisation, and a dozen other things.

They are sabotaging the industry of West Berlin for the benefit of capitalist Imperialism.

The City Council is the paid lackey of the Western Powers. It is corrupt and inefficient and hostile to the working classes.

And, on the basis of it, the City Council is going to be seized. You can state that as a certainty. The whole intricate, terrifying machinery of a Communist coup d'etat is moving openly ahead, and nothing that anyone can foresee is going to halt it.

Hall Stormed

Twice already the City Assembly has had to cancel its meetings for fear of violence.

Twice Communist mobs have stormed into the City Hall, which is in the Soviet sector. Daily employees of Eastern sector firms are ordered to trudge off to some mass meeting carrying banners saying "Down with the corrupt City Council!"

Dr. Suhr, the Speaker of the Council, has appealed to the Russians for protection.

"What? Protection against the working masses whose interests you are wrecking?" the Russians have replied.

LANE NORCOTT

GLIMPSES INTO THE WORLD OF TOMORROW
No. 32: How To Sell a Glass of Milk

The regulations governing the sale of subsidised national milk, particularly in the areas of Workers' Play Camps, are very stringent and incomprehensible. We give the following details from Directives 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

1. Glasses of milk, as distinct from bottles of milk left free upon the doorsteps of the workers, may be sold by Licensed Supplementary Milk Purveyors to holders of Temporary Milk Receiving Cards on production of an Emergency Stamp, signed by the local People's Milk Officer.

2. Holiday milk consumers, other than those below the school-leaving age (25), who require a glass of milk, must apply to the National Health Authority for a special permit.

3. Feng Yu-shiang was an interesting personality who once played an important role during the war-lord civil wars of the late 20's when his repeated political tergiversations, his conversion to Christianity and later his flight to Moscow, gave him much notoriety. After the Kuomintang conquest of North China in 1928, Feng Yu-shiang gradually lost all influence, during the Japanese War played an inconspicuous part and since then has had only a minimum following. No doubt the dissidents in South China are disappointed, or genuinely upset by the announcement of his death, but the political storm has scarcely moved.

The City Council can stay where it is in the Soviet sector and be invaded, or its members can move to the Western sector—the British, in their first open gesture of assistance, have offered a refuge—and be damned as cowardly fugitives who have split the city administration in half.

Whatever they do, they lose. The finality and hypocrisy of the procedure make you helplessly angry when you watch it happen.

Any British or French or American citizen here can go down and watch a couple of thousand apathetic demonstrators parading under orders. And he can read in the Soviet-licensed paper next morning that 250,000 indignant citizens spontaneously gathered in angry protest.

Do not forget it is happening in a city which is nominally three-quarters governed by British, French, and American.

It will be shocking as the workers' indignation matters into their own hands and stamping out reaction. But too many people will have seen it. I think this Berlin coup will be something like the Belsen Story.

We had heard about concentration camps for years, but we did not really feel about them until our own troops got into one and saw for themselves.

It makes no difference to the Communists if they see a genuinely spontaneous anti-Communist meeting in the British sector—ordinary people warned

of a couple of hours before who come simply because they want to come.

What the people really want does not concern the Communists. But they must still pretend, it does. And that is why they have got to work fast in Berlin.

There are municipal elections here in October, and no one knows better than the Communists that the results will be overwhelmingly anti-Communist.

Therefore, the elections must not take place. There must be no open proof that, in fact, the Berlin workers are not violently opposed to the City Council.

At all costs, the coup d'etat must happen first.

All this is doubly shocking to watch because it is being brazenly flaunted in the faces of the Western Allies.

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AID TO CHINA PROBLEMS

By FRED HAMPSON

Roger Lapham's ECA programme in China, viewed with misgivings and mistrust two months ago, is winning friends and influencing people all over China these days.

The plan Mr. Lapham and Charles Stillman, head of the special reconstruction mission, disclosed recently has so far drawn nothing but applause. "At last," commented one of the Shanghai foreign papers, "an aid-to-China programme seems to be on the right track."

Both Mr. Lapham and Mr. Stillman admitted they knew nothing first-hand about China when they arrived. But they were warned that there were more rat-holes for US dollars in China per square foot than any place on earth. The bitter experiences of UNRRA, probably not 10 per cent of which were reached a legitimate recipient, was still fresh in many minds.

Most foreigners after listening to Mr. Lapham and Mr. Stillman in the early days of ECA school their heads dully and predicted that while they undoubtedly were well-intentioned men they would be "taken in" by the same crowd at Nanking that managed to have its way with most American aid money in the past.

But the two men, after two months of tedious investigation in the cities and in the field, announced a plan of aid to essential industries which showed, even in the opinion of sceptics, a more hard-headed set of safeguards than anyone so far has tried to set up.

To most observers this plan of hiring a reputable engineering firm to watch-dog every project won loud and long applause. A private firm was even placed over a project covering a Government-owned power grid. Over the whole set-up will preside a "master" engineering firm of unquestioned ability and repute which will double-check the project engineers. As one Stillman mission member remarked: "We're going to screen out the shoddy if it's the last thing we do. These dollars are going for capital investment work, not for temporary relief and not for some favoured family pocket-book."

Most of China's essential industries which need reconstruction or replacement are owned by individuals or by the Chinese Government. ECA is not giving them money but it will enable them to finance essential work which they cannot finance themselves.

For example, one privately owned British company whose operation is essential to industrial China needed a lot of replacements but lacked—not the money but the foreign exchange to buy them. In such a case ECA will supply US dollars for purchases requiring such dollars and will collect repayment in Chinese currency. The Chinese currency will be used for projects that do not require US dollars, mainly various types of rural rehabilitation.

Another point emphasised by Mr. Lapham and Mr. Stillman was the need of procurement in China wherever possible to avoid long delivery delays. This brought up a touchy problem. Supplies in China include tons upon tons of unused UNRRA supplies sent to China in 1940 and 1941 and "never got off the docks." These supplies, with the liquidation of UNRRA, passed into the ownership of the Chinese Government. If ECA wants to use some of this stuff for replacements for essential industries does ECA have to pay the Chinese Government for equipment that was given to China by UNRRA? In short, does the American taxpayer have to buy it twice?

Mr. Lapham answered that he had not been given authority over UNRRA supplies. He cannot legally appropriate them. If he needs them in his ECA jobs the best he can do under present directives is to buy them—if the price is in good shape and the price is right. He cannot buy them if the price is too high. He cannot buy them if the price is too low. He cannot buy them if the price is just right.

Under the engineering safeguards, all projects will be carefully screened before approval. They must be necessary, they must be economically sound. They must not be located in areas to which transportation costs are prohibitive. They must be projects which the Chinese government would not undertake on its own.

Mr. Stillman said before his departure to discuss further reconstruction and replacement projects with ECA in Washington that he hoped the programme "would awaken China to the merits of the private enterprise system as practised by America and most Western countries."

This private enterprise system has its code of morals and fair practices represented by lawyers and engineers. In China, he said, he did not find enough lawyers and accountants and engineers—men whose professional services safeguard private enterprise against unfair practices, padded accounts, dishonest purchasing, dishonest workmanship, and other evils which are too often in China. He found that the safeguards to the ethics of private enterprise were totally non-existent. Money for a project was simply looted by everybody connected with the job which was usually done in the cheapest possible manner and frequently never finished.

"I'd like to demonstrate to these people that these safeguards of engineers and accountants and lawyers make private enterprise the efficient thing it is. That would be a lesson whose benefits would outlast our production programme," he said.

Essential Work

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Essential Work

SERIOUS SNAG IN ERP AID TALKS

London, September 7.

Mr. Averell Harriman, American Ambassador at large and general trouble-shooter for the Marshall Plan, today sought with high British officials a solution to the deadlock over distribution of European recovery funds.

The crisis developed when American representatives of Bizonia refused to accept the US\$365,000,000 other Marshall Plan countries allotted it. These representatives wanted about US\$100,000,000 more.

OEEC experts who had been meeting in Paris for a week finally recessed their sessions in despair of solving the problem. In effect, they turned it over to the American Economic Co-operation Administration, which is headed in Europe by Mr. Harriman—United Press.

The deadlock at the OEEC meeting in Paris is crucial. No one believes that a solution will not be found, but there are many fears that even now the problem will not be solved but just soothed.

The critical situation arose over the OEEC's futile attempts to decide how much each of the Marshall Plan countries would get from the US\$4,875,000,000 of American aid.

The problem has created a lot of hard feelings among the OEEC countries, but the toughest phase of the problem is how much Bizonia—the combined British and American Zones of Germany—will get.

There was the possibility that an emergency meeting of Marshall Plan country Foreign Ministers would be necessary to get over the present hurdle.

Senator Barkley was elected one of the vice-presidents of the Union whose conference will run through to Saturday.

He said: "One of the aims of this Union is to create a world government. But I must say, as a personal opinion, that the time is not yet mature for what we mean by world government."

"We must create a more efficient organisation here and we must strengthen the United Nations before we can achieve our goal of world government."

Commenting briefly on American aid to other countries, Senator Barkley said:

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Ex-SMC Employees To Be Paid

Shanghai, September 8.

Superannuation fund, retirement gratuity and other long overdue payments to 1,946 former foreign employees of the Shanghai Municipal Council, the former governing body of the Shanghai International Settlement, will be paid by the Chinese Government in about two months' time.

This is according to an announcement by the Secretary General—Mr. Sung Chung-lien—of the Shanghai Municipal Council, last night, on his return from Nanking after a conference with high Government officials, including the Foreign Minister, Dr. Wang Shih-chieh.

All payments will be calculated up to the firm of Pearl Harbour, it was decided by a Liquidation Committee. Considerable payments due to the various individuals former SMC employees as the amounts involved and the length of their services all vary in several categories of the payment.

Payments to be made are 700 British, American, Dutch and Belgian nationals, over 200 Russians, 100 Indians and 200 Chinese—Reuters.

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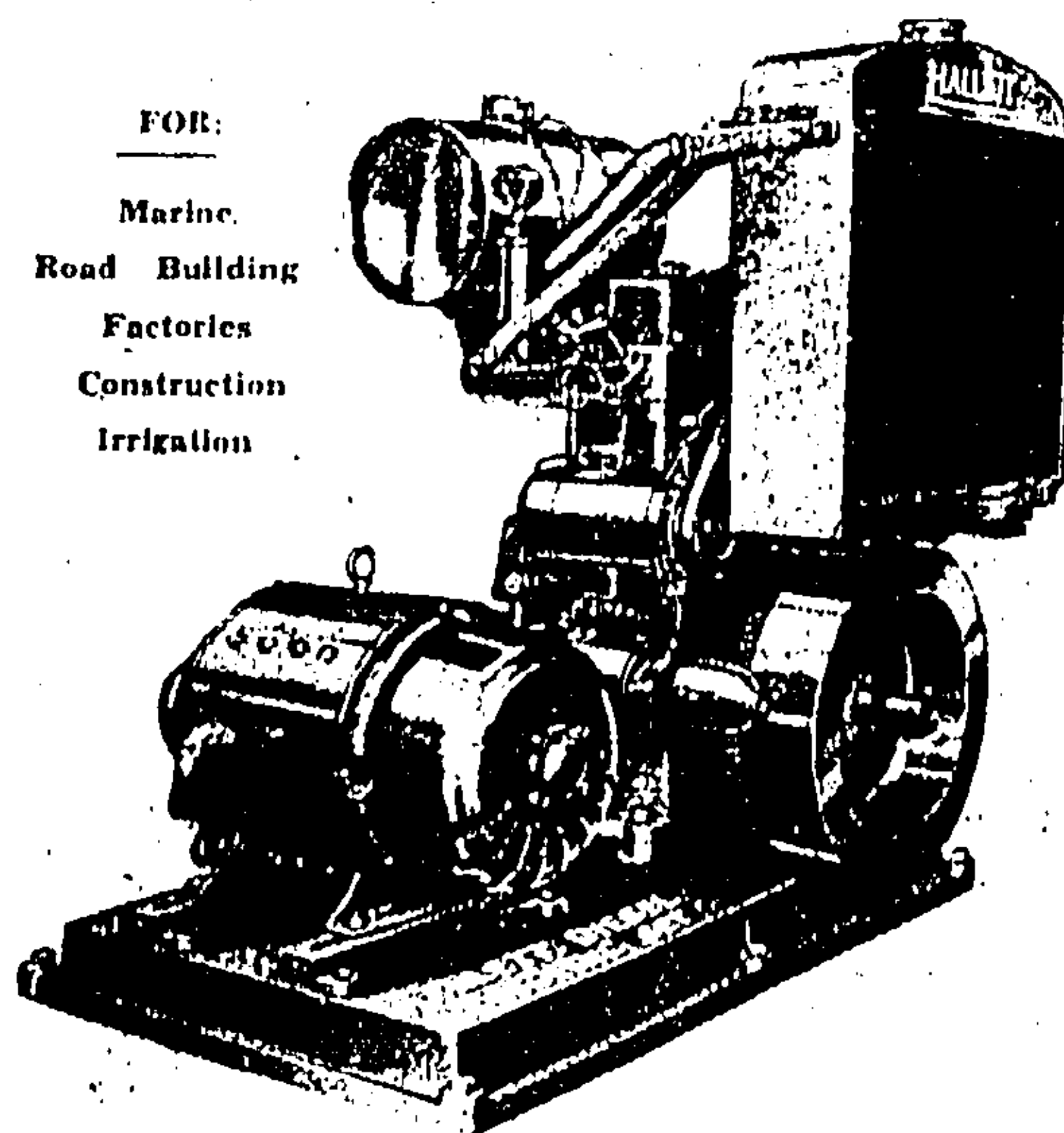
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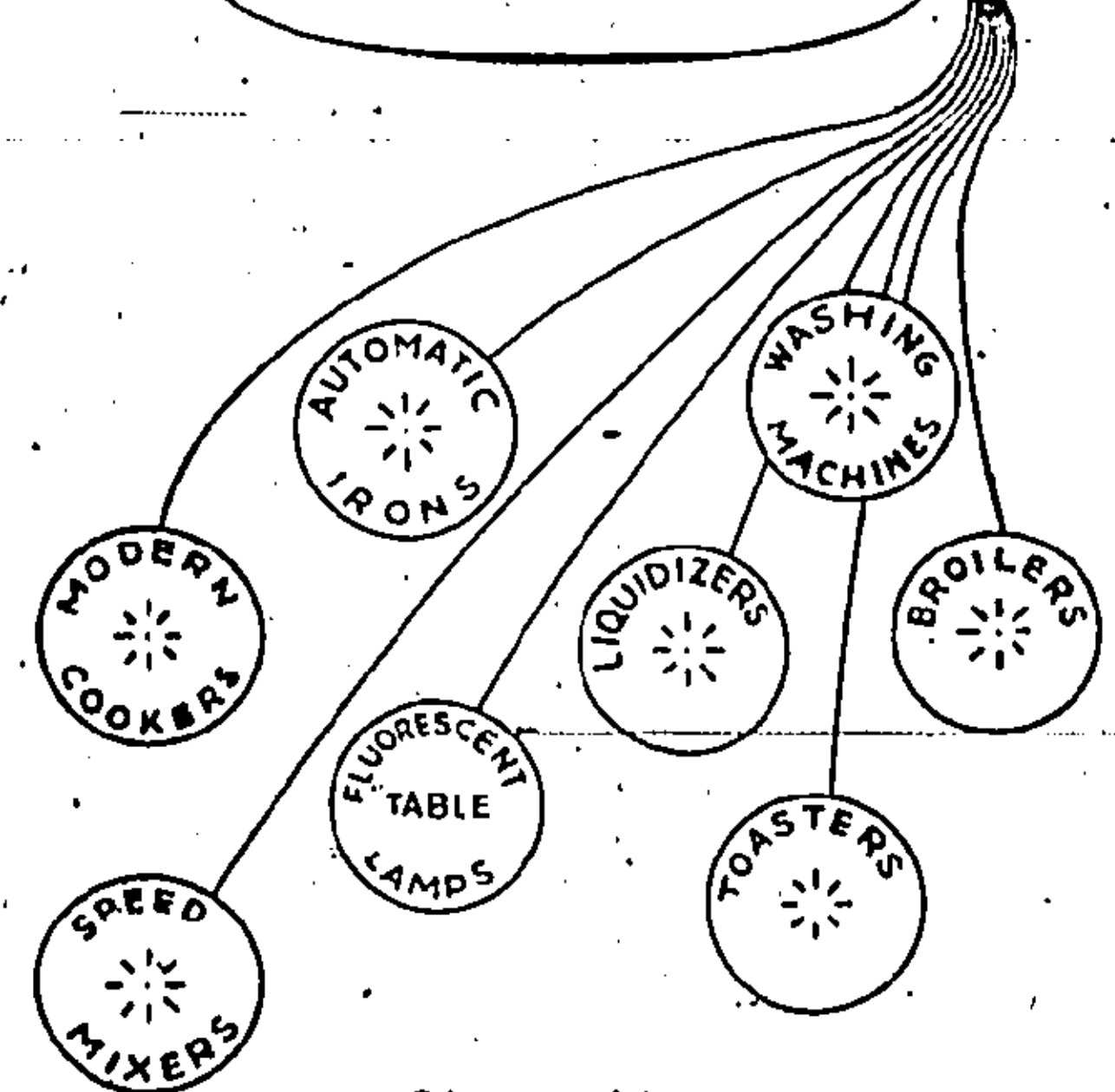


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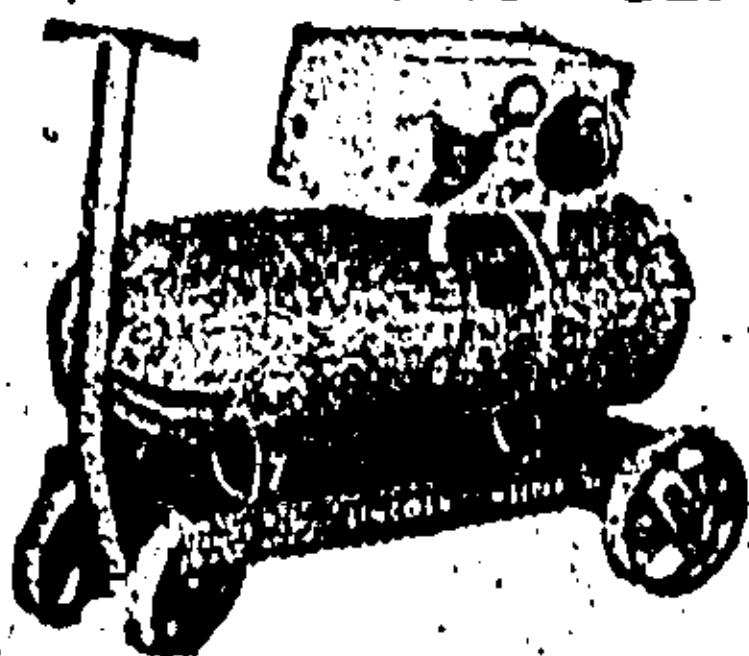
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ENGINEERING PAGE BRITISH MACHINE TOOLS MEET WORLD-WIDE NEEDS

By Robert Hutcheson

Protein Feeding For Sick

Protein hydrolysates, developed by British manufacturing chemists, have supplied medical science with a new weapon to fight ill-health. Protein hydrolysates concentrate most tissue-building amino-acids contained in meat and can be given as a drink or by injection, even to patients who have lost the ability to extract any value from food.

The growth of body building tissues involves the production of new lying matter or protoplasm, and this has to be synthesised from the food. Protoplasm contains proteins, which are highly complex chemical compounds composed of a number of amino-acids. The latter contain carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, and sometimes other elements such as sulphur.

Split Up

Meat, a favourite protein food, is split up into its amino-acids by the various gastric juices in the digestive system.

The amino-acids are absorbed by the blood stream and dispatched to the liver, the body's main protein factory, and built up again into protein. This protein is the solid composition of our flesh and is present in body fluids such as blood and also in bones.

Protein feeding in normal health is a simple matter. It often happens, however, that the patient's condition may render it impossible for sufficient protein to be given him in the ordinary way as solid food such as meat and fish. His digestive system might be too weak to deal with it.

Hydrolysates

Thanks to the research work of British manufacturing chemists, however, such patients can now be given protein hydrolysates, either as a drink or by injection. The new treatment was first applied on a large scale during the Bengal famine in 1943, and the

Britain is building almost every conceivable type of machine tool to meet the needs of engineers in all parts of the world.

With the value of exports during the first five months of 1948 reaching a higher annual rate than in any previous year, the British machine tool industry has staged last month, at Olympia in London, the Machine Tool and Engineering Exhibition, the largest exhibition devoted entirely to engineering that has ever been held in Britain. Owing to the intervention of World War II this was the first machine tool exhibition to be held in Britain since 1934, and therefore visitors from overseas saw an enormous amount of progress in machine tool design.

First impressions are often the most lasting, and visitors were favourably impressed by the clean, smooth appearance of most of the exhibits. Much of this has been made possible by the adoption of self-contained electric motor drives and the introduction of separate electric motors for various feed motions, with the result that the older exposed cone pulleys, shafts and other power-transmission equipment have been eliminated.

Several Factors

During the past ten years or so several factors have acted collectively to influence British designers of machine tools.

One of the greatest changes has been brought about by the motorisation already referred to; in large machines, especially, this is of advantage, because motors can be situated just where power is needed, and this, together with the ease with which electrical conductors may be run, enables all the motions of the largest machine to be controlled from a central position.

The advent of remounted carbide cutting tools has permitted the use of higher cutting speeds, and this has necessitated greater rigidity of machines designed especially for the use of carbides. Cemented carbide tools have also

been distributed to the starving peoples of liberated Europe in 1945 was another instance of the same method. Thus from the necessities of modern times a new and valuable ally has been found in the battle against ill-health.

Locomotives Now To Be Standardised

All locomotives—steam, diesel, electric—built in Britain for export will henceforth be constructed to standard tolerances to provide interchangeability and standardisation to such a degree as to simplify considerably runningshops maintenance, replacement, shop overhauls, and the ordering and assembly of spare parts, particularly where a user has locomotives from two or three makers.

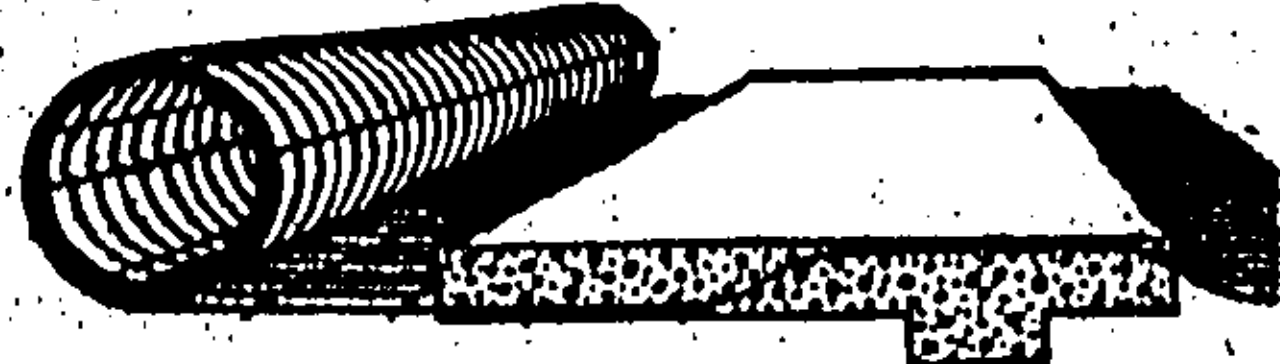
The only exceptions to this rule will be those where customers specifically ask for other tolerances to be embodied. Actually, the limits and fits now put forward do not cut across the making of individual specifications, all of which were carefully considered by the Locomotive Manufacturers Association of Great Britain sub-committee which is charged with the work.

Built up partly on the "hole basis" and partly on the "shaft basis" to meet the special problems of locomotive parts manufacture and renewal, the standard practice now adopted is listed in the Association's book under 14 headings, covering all of the machinery, much of the chassis, and some of the boiler details. Adequate illustrations and tables are included to make the practice self-explanatory.

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Lost Wax Precision Casting

The process of investment or "lost wax" casting has long been known and has been widely used for statutory founding and dental casting.

It was considerably developed during World War II for the production of engineering parts such as turbine blades. Much interest has been aroused by the application of a similar process to the casting of jewellery. The outlines of this development are described in a research report entitled "The Precision Casting of Jewellery and Similar Articles" which has been prepared for Britain's Design and Research Centre for the Gold, Silver, and Jewellery Industries by Dr. E. C. Rhodes of the Mond Nickel Company Ltd.

The process involves the following steps: (1) The preparation of a pattern (2) The preparation of permanent die, which may be in two, three, or more parts and made from plaster or metal, or from a rubber or other flexible material to facilitate removal of undercut wax castings. (3) The production of wax patterns in this permanent die, one being made for each article to be cast. (4) The building up of one or more wax patterns with the necessary sprues, headers, etc. Coupling the assembly with special investment plaster and embedding it in a solid mass of outer plaster.

Mould Baking

(5) Baking the mould whereby the wax is melted out, leaving a cavity of the required shape. (7) Pouring molten metal of the required composition into the heated mould by air steam pressure, or by centrifugal force. (8) Extracting and cleaning the finished casting. The whole process produces articles much superior to sand casting in soundness and definition.

There are three main applications: (a) The large-scale production of jewellery, such as signet rings, brooches and clips. (b) Occasional production of a few similar articles, for example, to match an existing piece or to produce a small number of articles, too few to justify a die. (c) Routine casting of knobs, handles, feet, and so on, for hollow-ware in place of sand casting.

higher horse powers, very rigid construction, and the versatility of such machines in their own fields.

Many of the machines that can be regarded as being of standard types have unusual features, one example of which is a centre lathe of 20 in. (508 mm.) swing built by John Lang & Sons, Ltd.

This sliding, surfacing and screw-cutting lathe has electronically operated contouring equipment. The stylus of an electro-magnetic follower head is traversed over a fixed template and movement of the stylus relatively to the follower is resolved electrically into two components which are parallel to the longitudinal and cross-feed directions. These electric signals are amplified electronically and arranged to control proportionally the speeds of two reversible motors which drive the longitudinal and cross-feed screws.

Certain branches of engineering where outputs are high have appreciated the advantages of special purpose machines. These machines are justified, however, only where very large quantities of parts are to be made because often they are capable of machining only one pattern, and perhaps only one size, of component.

An excellent example of a special purpose machine is one built by Adecock & Shipley, Ltd., for turning and milling automobile valve tappets. There are four working stations for the following operations: (1) drill and turn, (2) ream and face, (3) tap the drilled hole, (4) mill two flats. The components are held in an indexing fixture which carries them to each work station and then to the unloading position.



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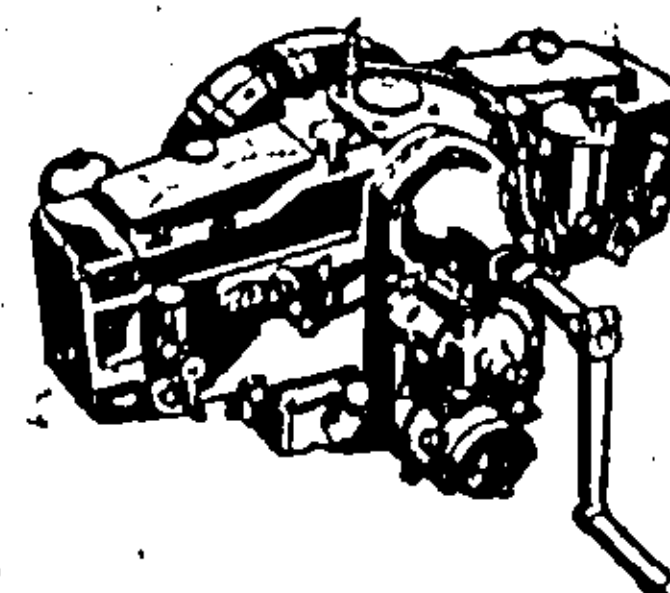
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BESIEGED BRITONS ALLOWED TO LEAVE BERLIN ASSEMBLY NOT PERMITTED TO RETURN

Students Return To China

Bangkok, September 8. As a result of the Siamese Government's action closing Chinese middle schools throughout the kingdom, thousands of students are going back to China, the Chinese Consulate here reported.

It is estimated that 4,000 students have left so far, most of them going to Kwangtung, others to Hong Kong and Hainan.

The students are obtaining special permits exempting them from conscription in China.

The exodus is expected to continue for another month, as some schools in China do not open until October.

After the organization of a new Siamese Government following last November's political coup, the new Ministry of Education forced the closing of virtually all of the 2,000 Chinese schools in Siam. Most primary schools since have been allowed to reopen but not middle schools.—Associated Press.

Scottish Crop Prospects

Edinburgh, September 7. Despite floods and their problems, Scotland will have a better return of grain per acre than any other country in the world, Mr. David Lowe, Chairman of the National Farmers' Union in Scotland, said here today.

Mr. Lowe declared that farm workers were giving 100 per cent support to farmers in their efforts to get in the harvest as quickly as possible.

Referring to flood damage, Mr. Lowe said the Treasury had intimated that everything practicable would be done to help farmers in the physical redemption of their land.

Some good rich land was now under three to six feet of boulders and rubbish. Where economically practicable, the debris would be cleared but in several areas the land could not be rehabilitated.—Reuter.

Steel To Make Jap Exports

Tokyo, September 7. Allied officials were reported today to be planning to allow the Japanese the use of 95,000 tons of steel during the October-December period for the manufacture of export items.

A SCAP foreign trade source said approximately 50,000 tons will be used for the production of capital goods and equipment already committed. The remainder will be sold as fabricated steel products or as rolled steel products, including conduit piping, reinforcing bars, wire and nails.

Officials noted that Japanese imports of iron ore, cooking coal and pig iron have been greatly increased during the past six months. Commodities manufactured from these materials, they said, will help fill the demand for steel products, particularly in the Far East, for use in reconstruction and rehabilitation.—United Press.

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- "ICI" General purpose glass finish and ancillary products.
- "SILVIO" Aluminium Paint.

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Hungary Executes High Officials For Espionage

Budapest, September 7.

The Ministry of Justice announced that two high-placed officials were executed this morning for espionage for a "Western power."

The communiqué was the first information published about the case. It revealed that five men had been tried and convicted on August 28, at a closed session of the People's Court, on charges of high treason.

A former member of the Army General Staff, Colonel Pal Hadvany, and Zoltan Lovasz, high-ranking railway official, were sentenced to death for "continuously committing high treason" and were executed today.

A third defendant, 2nd Lt. Sándor Szász, was sentenced to life imprisonment. Imre Galley, identified only as a clerk, received 15 years and 1st Lt. Zoltan Csépe was sentenced to one year.

The brief communiqué said the political police uncovered an espionage ring, led by Hadvany and Lovasz, "in the service of a Western power."

I said all five accused appealed against the original sentences and a second trial was held on September 4 at the supreme People's Court, where the lower Court's verdict and sentences were confirmed.

The communiqué concluded: "An appeal for clemency by Hadvany and Lovasz was rejected."

Coloured People Protest

Port Elizabeth, September 7.

Mr. Paul Sauer, Minister of Transport, today described the coloured demonstration at a Capetown suburban station on Sunday as propaganda and an action with Communist backing.

Hundreds of coloured men and women demonstrated in front of coaches marked "for Europeans only" after attending a mass meeting to protest against the Government's decision, enforced on August 16, to introduce special compartments for "Europeans only" in first-class coaches on suburban trains.

Mr. Sauer said that of a daily total of 10,000 coloured passengers carried on Cape suburban trains, there were occasionally four or five who tried to defy the new regulations.

Both European and coloured people wanted the separate travelling arrangement which was working well, Mr. Sauer declared. There had been no need for the authorities to enforce it.—Reuter.

Protest By China

Bangkok, September 7. China has protested to Siam against the recent arrests by Siamese police of more than 200 Chinese for alleged secret society activities.

A Chinese Embassy spokesman here, announcing this today, said that no Chinese secret society operated anywhere in Siam. The Embassy had received no confirmation of reports that the Chinese Foreign Minister, Dr. Wang Shih-chieh, was planning a brief stop in Bangkok on his way to Paris for the United Nations Assembly, opening on September 21.—Reuter.

GLADWYN JEBB RETURNS

London, September 7. Gladwyn Jebb, British Foreign Office official and chairman of the Western European Alliance Commission in London, returned to Britain today after talks with diplomatic and defence chiefs in Washington.

He will report to the Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin on Wednesday.—Associated Press.

PALESTINE REFUGEES: AGREEMENT REACHED

London, September 7.

Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Palestine Mediator, and Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, reached a general agreement on the problem of Palestine refugees after a 90-minute meeting in Cairo.

This was announced by Azzam Pasha before the second meeting of the Arab League Political Committee, which was also being attended by the Palestine Mediator.

In Jerusalem, the biggest flare-up since the truce began in the Holy City shattered the dawn calm today when Jews and Arabs pounded each others positions.

An Arab Legion communiqué from Amman, Transjordan, capital, said that Jews violated the truce by mortaring and firing on Arab positions in the Mount Zion, Abutor, Jaffa Gate, Silom and Surbner districts.

One Arab Legionary was killed, one wounded and two Arab irregulars wounded.

Arabs Blamed

An Israeli communiqué blamed the Arabs for the truce violation, saying that Israeli guns and mortars attacked Arab positions in a fierce 30-minute barrage after Arab Legion forces had opened a bombardment.

The communiqué said that the Arab activities were on a large scale and that Jewish positions on the southern perimeter of the Holy City were attacked with automatic weapons and mortars.

Count Bernadotte said in Cairo earlier today that he was fully satisfied for the moment with the truce situation in Palestine.

"Even the situation in Jerusalem, which was a big headache, is now calm, and during my talks with the Transjordan Minister of National Defence, I received assurances that Arab Legion units will be withdrawn from Mount Zion."

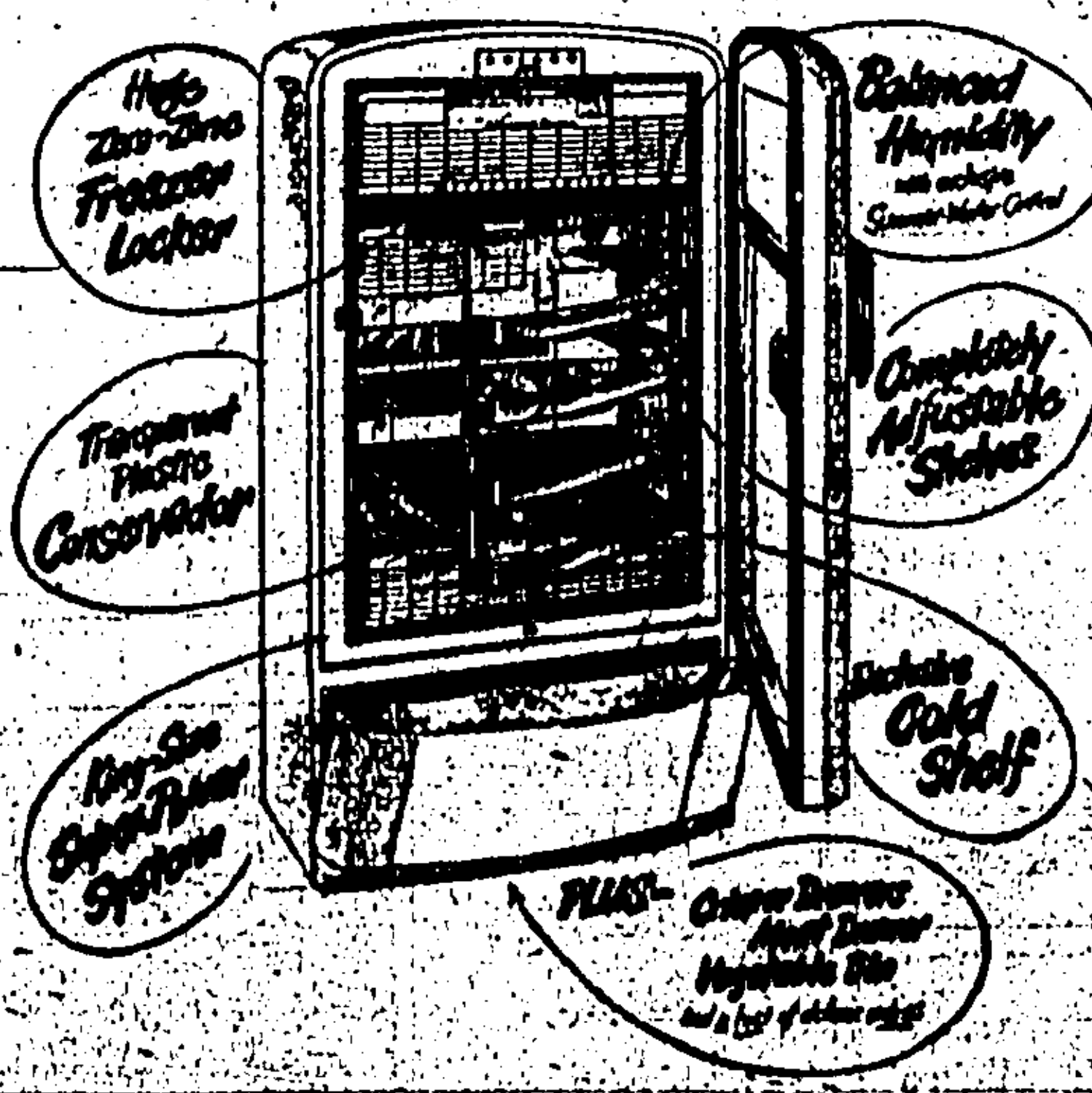
"I think we can now look forward to a peaceful period in the Holy City."

The Count was speaking at a press conference two hours before attending tonight's second meeting of the Arab League Political Committee and before he received news of today's flare-up in the Holy City.

Count Bernadotte denied the reports that he had submitted new proposals to settle the Palestine problem.—Reuter.

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NEHRU'S "ULTIMATUM" TO NIZAM OF HYDERABAD

Demands Return Of Troops To State

Britain's New Look In The Air

Farnborough, September 8.
Britain, aiming at a £25,000,000 target for aircraft exports during this year, showed off her "new look" in aircraft and accessories to buyers and technicians from 60 countries at the flying display and exhibition of the British Aircraft Constructors Society.

Overseas buyers, with British civil and service aviation chiefs, crowded round the Avro Tudor 8, the first plane in the world with four jet engines, which made its maiden flight yesterday, and which flew here from Wiltshire this morning.

One of the newest planes on show was the disembodied twin jet "Flying Wing."

Another was the high speed tailless De Havilland monoplane DH 108, in which John Derry established the world closed circuit record of 605 miles per hour in April.

Britain exported £15,750,000 worth of aircraft and goods in the first seven months of this year towards the £25,000,000 target. Last year the export figure was £23,750,000.—Reuter.

'ASKING FOR THE LAST TIME'

New Delhi, September 7.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, today called upon the Nizam to permit the return of Indian troops to the heart of Hyderabad.

His statement, made to Parliament, was promptly labelled "an ultimatum" by the Indian press.

Pandit Nehru's statement that India was asking "for the last time" for permission to place troops in Secunderabad led to speculation whether Indian forces would march in regardless of the Nizam's reply.

However, such action would be a violation of the standstill agreement which is effective until November 30. This provided that Indian troops are not to be stationed in Hyderabad "except in time of war and with the consent of the Nizam."

Mr Nehru said Indian frontier forces were attacked by Razakar units of the regular Hyderabad Army. He said the Razakars—an extremist Moslem organisation—invaded Indian territory with armoured cars.

He demanded, "for the last time," that Hyderabad disband the Razakars and end their "terrorism."

Mr. Nehru blamed the crisis on the Nizam of Hyderabad for seeking independence instead of "honourable partnership in the great brotherhood of the Indian Union."

Major Action?
The tenor of the speech, with its reference to possible "grave happenings" stirred rumours that some major action is imminent against Hyderabad, which has held out against joining the Indian Dominion.

The Prime Minister devoted 30 minutes of his one hour address to the Kashmiri question, asserting that Pakistan's reply to the U.N. Commission's cease-fire proposal amounted to a rejection.

He renewed his charges of falsehood and deceit by Pakistan in connection with the reported operations of Pakistan troops in Kashmir.

Hyderabad and Pakistan representatives were present in the crowded gallery. Occasional loud applause greeted the speaker's measured statements.

Under the agreement whereby India was partitioned and the Dominions of India and Pakistan created, the princely States were given the right to join either the Dominion or remain independent.

The Moslem Nizam of Hyderabad, reputedly the world's richest man, has chosen independence.

However, his State is in South Central India, completely surrounded by Indian States, and the majority of the population in Hyderabad is Hindu. Mr. Nehru has demanded free elections in the State.—Associated Press and United Press.

MR. NEHRU

JAVA INCIDENT

Batavia, September 7.
Forty-seven Indonesians were killed and 24 wounded when 40 detainees tried to break out of camp near Gedeh, West Java, on the night of September 4. It was learned today.

The guards used firearms to prevent their escape.

The Indonesians were arrested when 10,000 persons were questioned during disturbances in the Krawang area, North East of Tjibergrec, West Java.—Reuter.

ERP GOODS FROM JAPAN

Chicago, September 7.
The Economic Co-operation Administration today approved the use of \$12,250,000 for the first Marshall Plan shipment of goods from Japan.

The amount is to buy Japanese cotton fabrics for shipment to The Netherlands East Indies.—Reuter.

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YES, SIR! BUT HE'S COME BACK AGAIN WITH AN ABSURD BILL FOR ME.

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YES, IT'S TRUE, TODAY. NO!

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YOU'RE RIGHT ON TIME, MR. STANLEY. THIS LITTLE SHAWN'S MOTHER, DOLLY MADAME, NOW TALKS YOU TWO TO TALK THINGS OVER.

BEFORE YOU SAY A WORD, LET ME TELL YOU NOTHING CAN CHANGE IN MY LIFE. I'VE WON! I'VE WON! YOU CAN'T KEEP HIM!

PLEASE, MRS. MADAME, WE MUST NOT THINK OF OURSELVES... BUT ONLY OF LITTLE SHAWN AND HIS FUTURE.

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BUT YOU'LL CATCH YOUR DEATH OF COLD!

TELL YOU WHAT—HIDE INSIDE YOUR FATHER'S LABS—

Irish Partition: Eire Preparing To Cut Last Ties

Belfast, September 7.
The Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, Sir Basil Brooke, tonight reaffirmed Ulster's loyalty to Britain.
 He was replying to the Eireann Prime Minister, Mr. John Costello, who said in Ottawa today that his Government was preparing to repeal the External Relations Act—thus severing the last link with the British Crown.

"Those who have followed the course of events will not be surprised that Eire is preparing to scrap the Act," he said. "Already Eire's political leaders have declared that their country is not a member of the British Commonwealth."

"Mr. Costello foreshadowed some future association with Britain, but leaves the nature of that association undefined."

The Prime Minister added: "Ulster has no use for a merely external association with the British Commonwealth of Nations. She is in the Commonwealth and will not leave it nor sever her allegiance to the Crown."

"Mr. Costello has revealed more clearly than ever the yawning gulf that separates Ulster from Eire. He has underlined the permanence of what he calls partition and has shown how impossible of attainment is the United Ireland of his dreams."

Costello Statement

Mr. John Costello, the Eireann Prime Minister, now visiting Canada, confirmed in Ottawa today a Dublin newspaper report that Eire is preparing to scrap her External Relations Act of 1936, thus severing one of the country's last ties with the British Crown.

The External Relations Act, introduced by the former Premier, Mr. de Valera, proposed that Eire and Britain should have "external associations." This was considered a compromise between full republicanism and Dominion status and in return Eire undertook to recognise the King and actually to contribute certain annual sums to the Privy Purse.

Mr. Costello told a parliamentary press conference that there was "no reason" why Eire should not continue in association with Britain but not as a formal member of the British Commonwealth.

He reiterated his statement earlier to the Canadian Bar Association in Montreal that the External Relations Act was full of inaccuracies and injustices and the only thing to do was to scrap it.

If partition were ended, Mr. Costello said, he was certain that Eire could persuade many of its former citizens to return to the country, where the population had dropped from eight millions in the 1860's to the present three million.

Partition Must End

Partition must end, he said, before Eire would consider entering into a defence pact with Western European countries. Mr. Costello said his country's greatest need was American dollars and it was hoped to negotiate a loan from the United States under the European recovery programme for about \$65,000,000.

Mr. Costello did not amplify his statements about scrapping the External Relations Act. He made his reference when asked about a Dublin newspaper story that Eire was going to be formally declared a republic.

He said, however, that the unity of the whole country must be achieved before Eire would consider a pact at all.

Mr. Costello said that most of any loan from the United States would be used to revitalise Eire's agricultural industry and buy much-needed capital goods for its industries.

Another problem facing Eire, he said, was that of health, and the Government was considering a health scheme to cope with prevalent tuberculosis.

Tracing the history of partition, Mr. Costello said the six northern counties wanted Ireland united again though, "officially, they are against it."—Reuter.

PARIS MEETING DELAYED

Paris, September 7.
 A United Nations spokesman said here today that the Security Council is not expected to meet before September 15.

Earlier this month Mr. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, had indicated that the Council might meet this week.—Reuter.

Tailor's dummies

—DO NOW YOU CAN KICK HIM OUT!

—HOW DARE THEY COME WITHOUT BEING ASKED TO THROW THEM OUT.

—SORRY, YOU CAN'T COUNTLESS. I'M FORECLOSING, YOU'RE BANKRUPT!

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By ALEX RAYMOND

—WHAT—AGAIN? OH, YES (YAWN) IT'LL BE ALL RIGHT THIS TIME—

—I SAW HIM GOING OFF TO THE BIO LABORATORY THIS MORNING!

—TAKE YOUR THINGS OFF—ALL FEEL A-S-S-BADLY—YOU SOWDY ONES—

—GEE! A TRIM LITTLE CRAFT—AW! I'M SCARY FOR HIM—BUT I'VE GOT THE ROSE GUTLINGS HERE THE LITTLE ADMIRAL'S BETTER OFF WITH US!



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Tito Having Trouble With The Peasantry

Belgrade, September 8.
Marshal Tito's local commissars throughout the country swooped down on all so-called "rich peasants" before dawn today. They took nearly all of the pigs and turned them over to the state-owned farm co-operatives.

The reason for this sudden and unannounced action, which is to go on until Friday, was because their rich peasants in the country were hiding the pigs and not selling the required amounts to the Government. The Communist newspaper "Borba" said there had been some failure by the Federal Ministry of Trade and Supply and local committees to make the prescribed collections, and the Government had been unable to supply the nation of meat and fats to the population.

The authorities were reported to be taking the pigs from the rich peasants' herds but that they would leave each family at least two pigs with which to rebuild their stocks. Many people coming into Belgrade from the rich farm country of the Vojvodina and Serbia said the peasants were "centring" with anger at this latest Government move.

Passive Resistance
Reports have become more and more persistent that during the past few weeks peasants have come once again to a state of passive resistance against the Communist programme for enforced buying and selling.

How Is It For Size?

Berlin, September 7.
Major Georges Mrazovitch, French liaison officer, "be-leagued" in the City Hall, lit-tled his telephone receiver to-day and heard a caller say: "The coffin you ordered for me will be at the City Hall with-in a few minutes." The French officer protest-ed that he had ordered no coffin. "Never mind," the voice replied, "I will send it all the same. You will be needing it soon."—Reuter.

Japanese Volcano Activity

Tokyo, September 8.
A 50-metre rise in the height of the molten lava inside the crater of Mount Asama, seven miles from the foreign colony at the summer resort of Utsunomiya, was reported by the PRO of the First Cavalry Division.

Mount Asama erupted for several days last summer. The 8,134 foot high mountain ranks with Mount Aso in Kyushu as the largest active volcanoes in Japan.

Increased volcano activity has been noted around Mount Asama for several months and occupation personnel have been barred from approaching closer than three miles.

The significance of the discovery of the rise in height of the liquid lava is being examined by volcano experts of the Japanese Government. However, they have not yet made any predictions on future events.

The last disastrous explosion at Mount Asama was in 1972 when lava and ash descended on 50 villages and killed hundreds of persons. A thick layer of ashes and cinders from that eruption is still visible in Karuzawa, a village in the vicinity.—Associated Press.

Atlantic Alliance

Toronto, September 7.
Canada's Minister for Ex-ternal Affairs, Mr. Louis St. Laurent, said in a speech here today that the Canadian Government favours "the immediate establishment of a North Atlantic security system." He made the statement in an address to a luncheon meeting of the directors of the Canadian National Ex-hibition, A North Atlantic security system would in-clude the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States and "free countries in Western Europe," Mr. St. Laurent said.—Associated Press.

Siamese Unrest On Increase, Minister Warns

Bangkok, September 7.
Unrest is increasing and there is "wide spread banditry" in Siam's southern provinces bordering Malaya, the Siamese Defence Minister, Lieutenant General Luang Chantarakrob, said today.

The Minister, who has just returned from a week's tour of the frontier districts, and was reporting to the Siamese Cabinet, said that Siamese bandit gangs and Communist bands from Malaya were "depressing the rich, opposing Government authority and terrorising the population."

Several hundred Chinese guerrillas from Malaya had joined the Siamese bandit gangs in the Yala, Betong and Sincio districts. He considered a state of emergency would not be proclaimed in the southern districts at present.

The military and the police had made sufficient preparations to ensure control of the situation, he added.

Clash In Border

A combined force of Siamese police and Marines clashed with a band of 400 insurgents in Narathiwat district near the Siam-Malaya border last week-end, according to a police report just received here.

The insurgents, described as Moslem Malays, had been isolated by the Government forces who have now pursuing Government forces.

New border troubles for Siam were reported Tuesday in an announcement that Burmese rebels were fleeing across her northwest frontier to escape pursuing Government forces.

About 200 Red Karen insurgents have filtered into the province of Mae Hong Son and clashed with Government forces near Myittha where the Karens took over the police station on September 4.—Reuter and Associated Press.

Belfast, September 8.

A detachment of 157 officers and men will leave today to join the First Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, in Malaya.—Associated Press.

To MACAO

M.V. "WUSUEH"

WEEKEND ROUND TRIP

Leaves Hong Kong

1.30 p.m., Saturday, 11th September

(Steamboat Wharf)

Leaves Macao

3.30 p.m., Sunday, 12th September

(No. 12 Wharf)

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CHINA DUTY ON FILMS

New York, September 7.
China has increased its cus-toms duty on the importation of films from \$250 to approxi-mately \$1,200 for each fea-ture, Mr. John C. McCarthy, associate managing director of the Motion Picture Association of America, announced today. Mr. McCarthy was also advised that the managers of the film companies have suspended fur-ther shipments to China pending clarification of the situation. An immediate protest was lodged with the State Department, which has requested the Ameri-can Ambassador to confer with the Chinese authorities for recon-sideration of the greatly increased tariff. The big boost in the duties was put into effect without ad-vance notice, the Motion Picture Association said.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIA AND ARMS FOR MALAYA

Canberra, September 7.
Mr. Chifley, the Premier, "has gone out of his way to justify or condone the banning of ships carrying arms to Malaya."

This accusation was made in the House of Representatives today by Mr. W. M. Hughes, octogenarian Australian Premier in the First World War. Mr. Hughes said, "Mr. Chifley said that while men in Malaya were there for profit, what do men in every country work for? Can a man do with impunity in Australia what he would be shot like a dog for in Malaya?" "The campaign in Malaya was and is inspired by Moscow, Com-munists in Australia are under orders to join the campaign."

Mr. Hughes said, "This Govern-ment does not govern either in the economic or international spheres. Australia's foreign policy is shaped and controlled by Communists who take their orders from Moscow." He asserted that while there was fighting in Malaya in which defenceless white men were being brutally murdered, Communist leaders of the Waterside Workers' Federation had banned ships taking arms to enable the white settlers to protect them-selves and their families. "After much delay this Govern-ment musters up enough courage to send some arms by air. But not a word of censure of the Communists who banned the ships."

"The men responsible for this were known. The law could have been invoked but of course the Communists are above the law."—Associated Press.

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KKK FACTION PRE-ELECTION DEMONSTRATION

Valdosta, Georgia, September 8.
About 200 robed but unmasked "Klansmen" burned a cross in the Negro section here last night on the eve of the State's Democratic primary election today. A spokesman identified the group as members of the original Southern Klans, Inc., which recently broke from the Ku Klux Klan faction, headed by Dr. Samuel Green, of Atlanta. The men first met on the court-house lawn, listened to a talk on white supremacy by one of their group, then proceeded in three motor-cars to the Negro district. At the cross-burning, a spokesman who said that he was a Baptist preacher from Atlanta, declared that the Negroes "had no right to vote." The Police reported that no incident occurred between the robed band and Negroes.—Reuter.

Reparations Objection

Washington, September 7.
British officials have told the Economic Co-operation Ad-ministration that Britain op-poses the idea of curtailing the removal of reparations plants from Western Germany. It was learned here today.

British Embassy officials, who are at present conferring with ECA experts, have in reply to specific questions, expressed their belief that such curtailment would not benefit the European Recovery Programme but would instead result in political ill will in France and elsewhere and in the creation of the same danger to security.

The conversations now going on here are informal because no specific proposal for curtailment of reparations removals has yet been made by the United States.—Reuter.

KING INVITED BY PANAMA

Panama City, September 7.
Panama has invited King George VI and Queen Elizabeth to spend the night of February 6, 1949 here as guests of the Government on their way to Australia for the Royal tour. It was announced today.—Reuter.

SHIP MOVEMENTS

Seattle, September 8.
Ship arrivals: Ocean Mail from Manila; Republic from Yokohama; Andrews from Yokohama. San Francisco arrivals: Sep-tember 8 Britain Victory from Yokohama.—Associated Press.

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m.s. "TREVETHOE" sails 14th Sept. for London via Straits Colombo & Suez.

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hmt. "DILWARA" sails 17th Sept. to Shanghai & Japan.

m.s. "TREWELLARD" due 23rd Sept. from U.K. via Straits

sails 30th Sept. for U.K. via Straits.

m.s. "TREVAYLOR" sails Early Oct. for London via Straits & Colombo.

m.s. "TREVAYLOR" due 17th Oct. from U.K. & Continent via Straits.

s.s. "CANTON" sails 20th Oct. from London via Suez, Bombay, Colombo & Straits.

sails 20th Oct. for London via Straits, Colombo & Suez.

m.v. "TREVAYLOR" due 27th Oct. from U.K. & Continent via Straits.

s.s. "CARTHAGE" due 22nd Nov. from London, Bom-bay & Straits.

sails 20th Nov. to London via Straits & Bombay.

s.s. "CORFU" due 20th Dec. from London, Bombay & Straits.

sails 24th Dec. for Straits, Bombay & London.

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m.s. "SIRDHANA" (Apar Line) due 12th Sept. from Calcutta via Straits for Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

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sails 15th Sept. from Kobe.

s.s. "HELENCREST" due 14th Sept. for Singapore and Karachi direct.

sails 16th Sept. from Amoy & Japan.

m.s. "SIRDHANA" (Apar Line) sails 25th Sept. for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta. Accept cargo for Madras & Chittagong.

m.s. "SANGOLA" (Apar Line) due 5th Oct. from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits for Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

sails 8th Oct. from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.

s.s. "SHIRALA" due 7th Nov. from Amoy, Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.

(Apar Line) sails 9th Nov. for Amoy.

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s.s. "NANKIN" due 29th Sept. from Australia via Singapore, Saigon & Manila.

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sails Mid-Oct. for Japan & Shanghai

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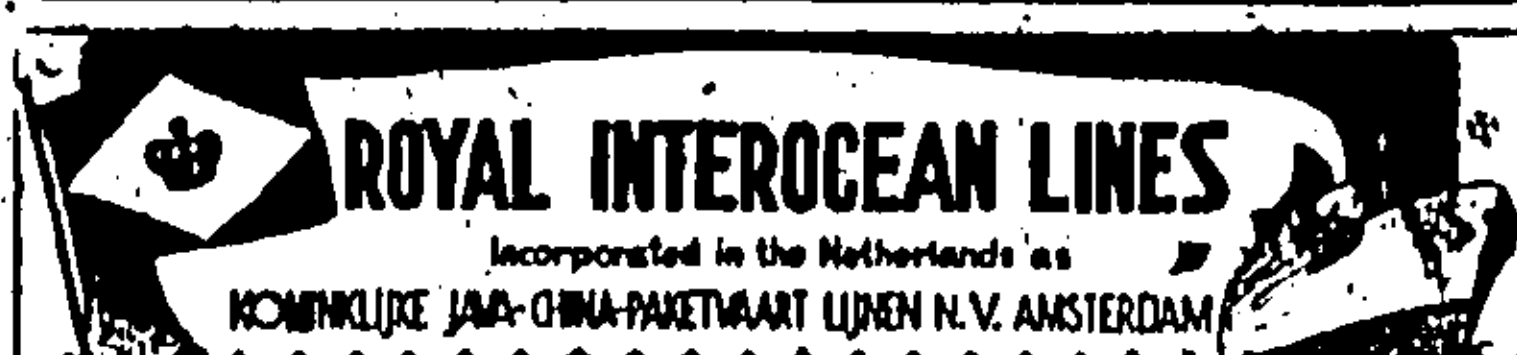
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JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN SERVICE

Arrivals	Sailings
"TIBADAK" from Amoy 13th Sept.	to Javaports & Macassar 15th Sept.
"TITJALENGKA" from Macassar & Javaports 15 Sept.	to Javaports & Macassar 20 Sept.
"TIBADANE" from Macassar & Javaports 20th Sept.	to Javaports & Macassar 25th Sept.

ASIA-AFRICA-SOUTH AMERICA SERVICE

Arrivals	Sailings
"STRAAT MALAKKA" in port	to Shanghai 20th Sept.
	to South Africa & South America via Manila & Straits 6th Oct.
"DOISSEVAIN" from South America & South Africa 23rd Sept.	to Japan 25th Sept.
	to South Africa & South America via Manila & Straits 10th Nov.
"TIKAMPEK" from South Africa 18th Nov.	to South Africa & South America 10th Dec.
"TEGELBERG" from South America & South Africa 10th Nov.	to South Africa & South America 10th Jan.

Transshipment cargo on through B/L to Dar-Es-Salaam, Mombasa, Zanzibar accepted on all sailings.

SUMATRA-MALAYA-CHINA SERVICE

Arrivals	Sailings
"HEINRICH JESSEN" from B. Deli & Straits 10th Sept.	to Swatow & Amoy 11th Sept.
	to Straits & B. Deli 18th Sept.
"VAN HEUTZE" from B. Deli & Straits 30th Sept.	to Swatow & Amoy 2nd Oct.
	to Straits & B. Deli 10th Oct.

Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

Arrivals	Sailings
"ANNENKERK" from Japan & Shanghai 19th Sept.	to Europe via Manila & Straits 21st Sept.
"LANGLESCOT" from Europe 30th Sept.	to Shanghai & Japan 3rd Oct.
	to Europe via Manila & Straits 10th Oct.

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Arrivals	Sailings
"MARIEKERK" from Europe end October	to Europe via Manila & Straits Mid November.

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Arrivals	Sailings
"SILVEROAK" from U.S. Atlantic ports End Oct.	to Atlantic Ports & U.S. Early Nov.

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	Early Oct.	m.v. "DONA NATI"
ARRIVALS		
From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	9th Sept.	m.v. "TONGHAI"
	22nd Sept.	m.v. "MINORO"
SAILINGS		
For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	10th Sept.	m.v. "TONGHAI"
	Early Oct.	m.v. "HEMLAND"

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"SAN LEONARDO" due Sept. 19.	Shanghai, Taku Har, Vladivostok, Sept. 20.
"SIR JOHN FRANKLIN" New York via Manila due Sept. 27.	Shanghai, Incheon, Fusan, Nagoya, Yokohama, Sept. 28.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE

AMERICA STILL PLAGUED BY THREE STRIKES

New York, September 8.

Three major strikes—oil, west coast shipping and New York lorry drivers—plagued the nation today with no indication of an immediate settlement ahead.

The six-day-old strike of 10,000 lorry drivers in New York City grew more serious as 3,500 drivers from northern New York joined.

The effects of the work stoppage were felt by millions living in New York City and surrounding districts where the lorries move most of the city's food; although food supplies are curtailed they are not dangerously low.

The drivers are seeking a wage increase of 25 cents an hour. Employers have offered 10 cents. The union leaders and employers plan to meet to discuss differences.

On the Pacific coast, where 28,000 dockers have been idle since last Wednesday, there was no move for settlement by either the union or the shipowners.

Some 100 ships are held up in American Pacific ports.

Phone Strike?

The method of hiring seamen is one of the principal issues. In California and four other western states 13,000 oil refinery workers went on strike against six major oil companies. The workers are seeking a pay increase of U.S.\$21 per 100 hours whereas the companies say their limit offer is U.S\$10.125 an hour.

An oil industry spokesman said the west coast motorists may be unable to buy petrol by the middle of next week if the strike is still unsettled.

In Chicago, the Association of Communications Equipment Workers, a union in the Congress of Industrial Organizations—today set September 17 for a strike, which, it said, would

SILVER AND GOLD MARKETS

London: Silver, Spot fine ounce 46d. Forward 46d. Bar, Gold, per fine ounce 172/3.

New York: Silver, Bar, (asked price) 75 1/2 cts. Bar, Gold, per fine ounce 172 1/2.

Bombay: Silver, Ready, per 100 tolas 174 Rupees, 08 Annas; Forward 173R, Marwar (unofficial) 170, 14. Gold: delivered, per tola 116R, Forward (unofficial) no trading, Sovereign 77, 04. (One tola is equal to 3/16 of an ounce.)

Buenos Aires: Sovereign, buyers 119.00, sellers 122.00. U.S. Eagles, 204.00b, 210.00s. Gold, Bar, per gramme, 12.00b value.

Bangkok: Gold, Bar, bahi-weight of 15.244 grammes unquoted, Exchange Rate (Selling) Bangkok on New York T.T. 19.25, London 61.70, Hong Kong 3.79.

CHICAGO GRAINS
Chicago, September 8.

Corn advanced sharply on commercial buying and heavy short covering in the September contract, which at times was up more than five cents. Wheat closed 1 1/2 cts higher.

September \$2.21 1/2, December \$2.24 1/2. May \$2.15 1/2-\$2.15 1/2. Corn was 2 1/2-3 1/2 cts higher, September \$1.67 1/2-\$1.68. Oats were unchanged to 3/4 lower, September 7 1/4-7 1/2. Rye was 1 1/4-1 1/2 lower, December \$1.54 1/2. Soy beans were unchanged to 1/4 lower, November \$2.48 1/2. Associated Press.

NY SILVER MARKET

New York, September 7.

Silver prices were unchanged with the market apparently trying to consolidate. Tenders were about 200,000 ounces and were readily taken. Sellers continue to await the official decree specifically exempting metals from the 1932 ad valorem export tax.

Mexico and meanwhile are moving some physical silver out of Mexico on expectations that they will get a tax rebate when exemption becomes official.

Consumers, meanwhile, express more confidence in connection with supply prospects and therefore have not down demand today, because of last week's large purchases.—Reuter.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
HongKong September, 7, 1948.

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s.s. "JULIA LUCKENBACH"	In port	San Francisco	Sept. 9	San Francisco via Incheon
s.s. "FLEETWOOD"	Sept. 11	San Francisco (Accepts no cargo homebound)	Sept. 12	San Francisco via Yokohama
m.s. "SEA SERPENT"	Sept. 19	San Francisco (Accepts no cargo homebound)	Sept. 20	San Francisco
s.s. "SWANMORE VICTORY"	Sept. 24	San Francisco	Sept. 25	San Francisco via Kobe

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Hong Kong Stock Exchange

A quiet morning with a slight recession in prices.

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4% Loan 1938 100n.
5 1/2% Loan (1934) 100n.
5 1/2% Loan (1948) 101n.

BANKS:
H.K. & S. Bank 207 1/2, 208 1/2.
(Lon. Reg.) £121 1/2.
Chartered Bank £11-18/24.
Merrill Bank A. & B. £21 1/2.
Bank of East Asia 140n.

INSURANCES:
Canton Ins. 38n.
Union Ins. 78 1/2, 79 1/2, 78 1/2.
China Underwriters 7 1/2n.
H.K. Fire Ins. 27 1/2n.

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H.K. & S. Steamships 17n.
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(New) 140n.
North Point Wharves 7 1/2n.
H.K. Docks 30 1/2n.
China Providents 25n.
Shanghai Dockyards 20n, 20 1/2n.

MINING:
Raub Mines 6 1/2n.
H.K. Mines 10 1/2n.
LANDS, HOTELS & BLDGS:
H.K. & S. Hotels 15 1/2n, 15 1/2n, 15 1/2n.
H.K. Lands 7n.
Shanghai Lands 5 1/2n, 6n.
Humphreys Estates 22 1/2n.
H.K. Realities 18n.
Chinese Estates 18 1/2n.

PUBLIC UTILITIES:
H.K. Tramways X.D. 22n, 21 1/2n.
Peak Tram (Old) 25n. (New) 22n.
Star Ferry 11 1/2n.
C. Light (Old) 22 1/2n, 22 1/2n.
(New) 18 1/2n.
H.K. Electric 39 1/2n, 40 1/2n, 40n.
Marco Flectric 25 1/2n.
Sankar Light 15 1/2n.
Telephone 28 1/2n, 28 1/2n, 28 1/2n.
Shanghai Gas 6 1/2n.

INDUSTRIALS:
Cold. Macc. (Ord.) X.D. 26n.
Canton Ice-tn.
Cement 41 1/2n, 42 1/2n.
H.K. Ropes 15 1/2n.

STOCKS:
Daily News (Ord.) X.D. 44n.
(New) X.D. 44n.
Watsons (Old) 60n. (New) 60n.
Lane, Crawford 51n.
Sincere 8 1/2n.
China Exportum 2 1/2n.
Sun Co. Ltd. 4 1/2n.
Kwong Sang Hong 17 1/2n.
Wing On (H.K.) 11n.
Wm. Powell, Ltd. 12 1/2n.

MISCELLANEOUS:
China Entertainment 4 1/2n.
H.K. Constructions (O) 2 1/2n. (N) 5n.
Vibro (Ord.) X.D. 14n. (New) 10n.
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Anglo-Javas 4 1/2n.
Cheng Rubber 20n.
Consolidated Rubbers 2 1/2n.
Kola Rubber 5n.
Madang Rubbers 1n.
Rubber Trusts 2 1/2n.
Samsa Rubber 1 1/2n.
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Tang Meraba 1n.
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Gold was steady yesterday and fluctuations were within narrow limits.

Opening at \$295.25 a tael, it was down to \$294.25 for a while before it went up to \$298.25. At the time interval it was down again to \$294.50 and resumed at this level until closing time when it improved to \$295.75.

Plasters opened at \$11.50 a 100 and dropped to \$11.45 at the close.

Ticals were quoted at \$25.90 a 100 and NET Golders at \$39.00 a 100.

Business was done in Gold Yuan at 1.90 1/2.

U.S. dollars improved to \$5.11 1/2.

Sterling was down to \$14.15, and a small amount moved up to \$12.67.

Notice To Consignees
S.S. "TAKSANG"

From Calcutta/Straits arriving 5th September, 1948.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed in the premises of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd. between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. on Friday, 10th September, 1948.

Consignees are advised to have their Representatives present during the Survey.

Consignees are warned that claims for damage or shortage may not be accepted if the damage is not surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of Consignees' Representatives at this appointed time.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. LTD.
General Managers,
Indo China Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

Notice To Consignees
CONSIGNEES PER
S.S. "BENVORLICH"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. godown, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs Carmichael and Clarke, at 10 a.m. 11th September, 1948.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted, after the goods have left the steamer's godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th September, 1948, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 27th September, 1948, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA), LTD.
Agents,
Ben Line Steamers Ltd.

Hongkong, 6th September, 1948.

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Passengers and Freight —
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CARGO—SPECIFIC

TO MANILA

"Scott E. Land"	Sept. 10
"Marine Snapper"	Sept. 17

TO SAN FRANCISCO

"President Cleveland" (via Manila)	Sept. 10
"General Gordon" (via Shanghai Yokohama)	Sept. 19

TO SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES

"President Taft" (via Japan)	Sept. 11
"President Pierce" (via Japan)	Sept. 23

TO NEW YORK, BALTIMORE and BOSTON via PANAMA

"President Tyler" (calls Pacific Coast)	Sept. 13
"President Grant" (calls Pacific Coast)	Oct. 6

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VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, SUEZ, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NAPLES, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

"Scott E. Land" (calls Bombay)	Sept. 10
"Marine Snapper" (calls Bombay)	Sept. 17
"Marine Filer" (calls Karachi)	Sept. 29

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"PIONEER LAKE"	Sept. 15
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SAILING FOR SINGAPORE PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG & BATAVIA	24th SEPT.

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s.s. "BENLAWERS"	U.K.	14th Sept.
s.s. "BENMACADHAN"	U.K.	Early Oct.
s.s. "BENMACADHAN"	U.K.	Late Oct.

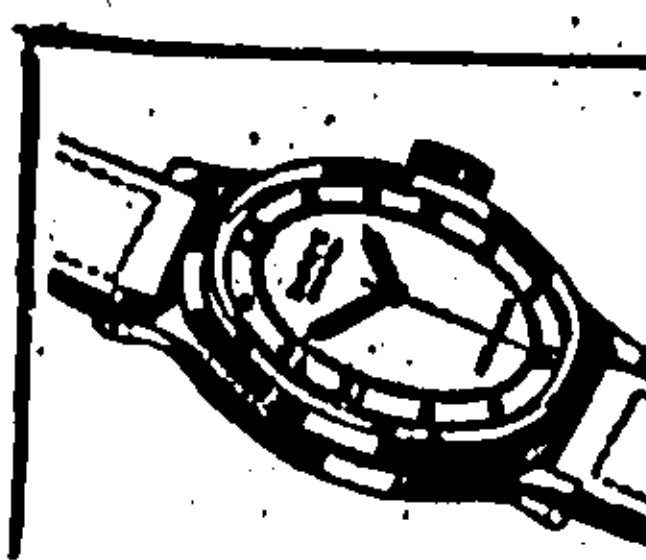
SHIP	TO	READY
s.s. "BENLAWERS"	(Aden, Port Said, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam)	First Half Oct.
s.s. "BENVORLICH"	(Hamburg)	Early Nov.
s.s. "BENMACADHAN"	Kobe (Japan)	10th Sept.
s.s. "BENMACADHAN"		Early Oct.

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JUDGE DEFINES TERM WHICH TRIPPED TENANCY TRIBUNAL

Shanghai Golf Team Coming

Shanghai will send an inter-club team to Hong Kong on October 10. The match against Hong Kong will take place on October 10 and 11.

Teams will be eight a side and on October 10 will play 36 holes singles, 18 on each course. On the next day they will play 36 holes (four balls again) 18 on each course.

It is expected that all the Shanghai members will also compete in the Colony Championship on Saturday October 10. 36 holes Medal Play—Scratch.

Conditions of entry: Entry is open to all amateur golfers possessing a handicap not exceeding 10. All entries must be supported by a certificate of handicap signed by the Secretary of the competitor's Club.

Play under R and A rules, will be over 36 holes and prizes will be awarded to the winner, to the runner-up and to the players returning the best morning and afternoon rounds. An additional prize will be awarded to the competitor returning the best net score.

No competitor may win more than one prize.

Competitors will be granted the courtesy of the course from October 3 until the date of the Championship.

Entrance fee HK\$15 must accompany all entries which should be forwarded to the Secretary, Royal Hong Kong Golf Club, Prince's Building, so as to be in his hands not later than September 30, 1948. After this date no further entries will be considered.

CYCLING IN BELGIUM

Brussels, September 8.

Armand Broens of Belgium won the fourth leg of the "Tour de Belgique" cycling race—a distance of 169 kilometers from Verviers to St. Hubert—in four hours 43 minutes 27 seconds today.

He was followed by Jean Verhert of Belgium in four hours 44 minutes 9 seconds and Marcel Demulder of Belgium in the same time.

The first French rider was Roger Dequene, who arrived fifth in the same time.

The first Italian was Aldo Paoletti who arrived thirteenth in four hours 44 minutes 22 seconds.

—Associated Press.

At the Supreme Court yesterday, Mr. Justice Gould (Puisne Judge), gave his decision on a case stated by a Tenancy Tribunal, asking for an opinion as to the legal interpretation of the phrase "buildings of a permanent character."

The opinion was sought by the Tribunal as the result of an application by Imperial Chemical Industries (China) Ltd., applicants, for the eviction of Fook Wo Lee, opponents, from Marine Lot No. 231 at Great George Street.

The applicants were represented by Mr. H. Capstick of Messrs. Dencos, while opponents were represented by Mr. Marcus A. da Silva.

Giving his decision, Mr. Justice Gould said in part—

"The Tribunal decided that the building could be classified as a permanent building under the Ordinance 1935, but were in doubt as to whether that was sufficient to fulfil the requirements of section 18 (1) of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance 1947.

"The phrase 'buildings of a permanent character' has not been defined in the Ordinance and I do not deem it advisable to attempt to lay down any general rules but will confine myself to determining such points as are necessary to decide the case before the Tribunal. It is necessary, however, to say that the phrase in question must be construed in conjunction with the remainder of the subsection, particularly as part of the larger phrase 'land which has not been developed by the erection of buildings of a permanent character.' The word 'buildings' is important and may in future cases involve questions of degree or extent.

Three Points

"From the Case Stated, it appears that there are three points of law upon which the Tribunal requires direction to enable it to come to a decision.

"1. Whether it is proper to have regard to the requirements of the Buildings Ordinance 1935, as to a permanent building.

"It is to be noted in the first place that the Buildings Ordinance does not actually define a permanent building, but only requires in section 12 that it be built of certain materials. It would not be impossible to build a temporary building in one of those materials. The other provisions as to such matters as construction, thickness and height of walls, depth of foundations etc. are standard requirements of all 'save what are referred to as 'exceptional' buildings, and such standard requirements must obviously be intended to provide for permanent buildings.

"If, therefore, a Tribunal finds that any particular building complies with section 12 and with those standard requirements, that is evidence to which the Tribunal may have regard as lending to the impression of a permanent character for the purposes of section 18 (1) of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, 1947.

School Football Competition

The early rounds of the Inter-school Seven-a-Side Football Competition will be played on the Navy Ground, on Wednesday and Friday, September 15 and 17.

The final will be played on the club ground at 6 p.m. on Sunday.

The following are the First Round games—

Pui Kiu v. Wah Yun.
La Salle v. D.B.S.
Ellis Kadourie A.M. School v. Queen's College.
St. Joseph's v. Ying Wah.
St. Stephen's v. St. Paul's.
Tung Chi v. Ellis Kadourie P.M. School.
Chi Hong v. Pui Chi.
K.G.S. v. Talkoo Dock School.

INTERPORT FOOTBALL

The Interport football game between Hong Kong Police and Macao Police, which was postponed last week-end owing to the typhoon, will now be played on Thursday, September 16, at Boundary Street at 6 p.m.

On Friday the Combined Police Forces will meet a strong selected Chinese team on the same ground.

The Macao Police will arrive on Wednesday afternoon.

The monthly meeting of the council of the Hong Kong Football Association will be held on Tuesday, September 14, in the Association's offices at 5.15 p.m.

Items on the agenda include arrangements for the October 10 Charity game and the consideration of several recommendations by the sub-committees.

Hitch In Proposed Turpin-Sands Bout

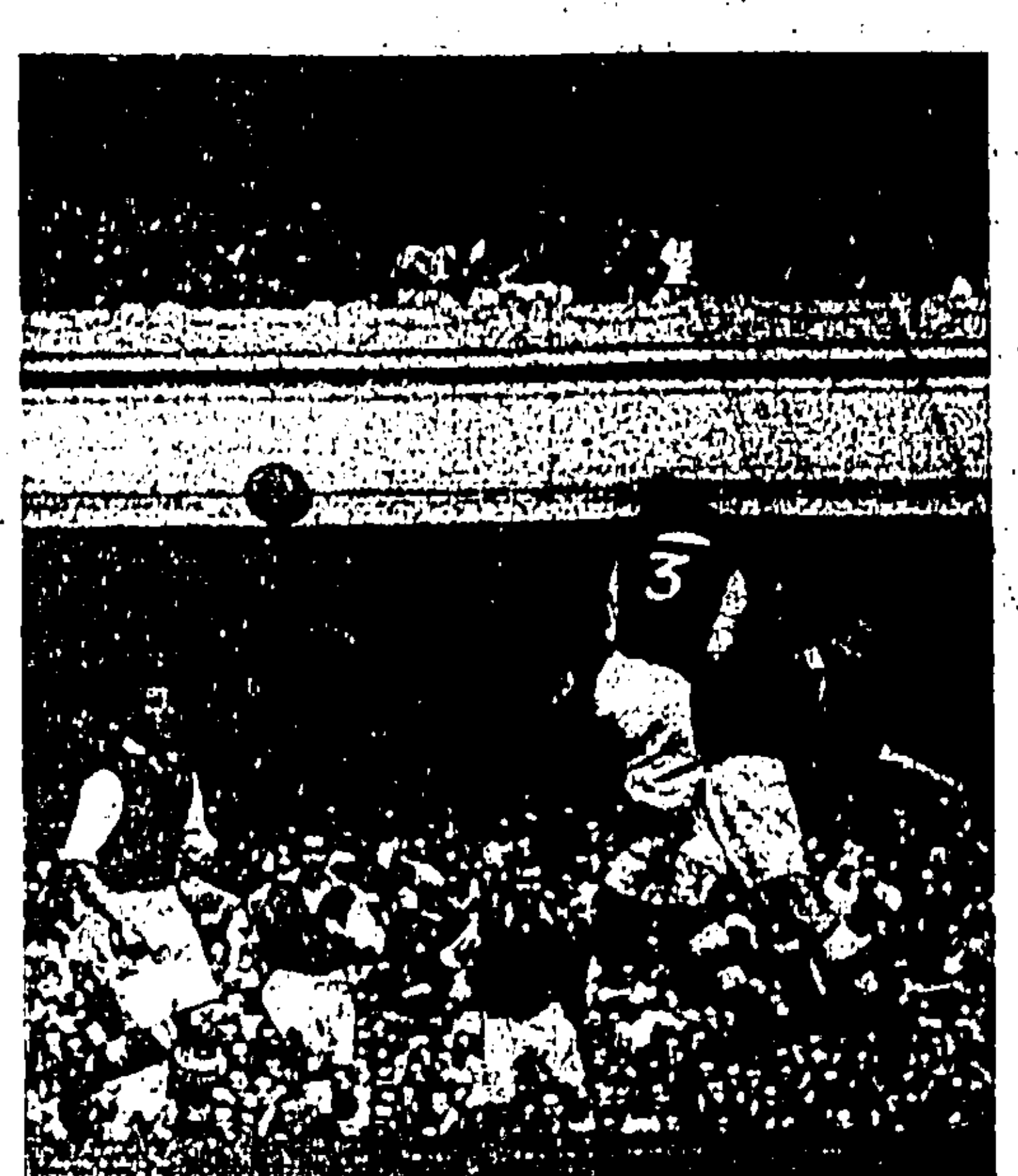
Melbourne, September 8.

A hitch has developed in the negotiations to bring Dick Turpin, coloured British Empire middle-weight champion, to Melbourne to defend his title here.

Turpin, who beat Bos Murphy of New Zealand in London for the Empire title some months ago, wanted his expenses to include return air passages to Britain for his manager as well as himself, according to Mr. R. Leach, General Manager of Stadiums Ltd., who are to promote the fight.

Mr. Leach had earlier announced that Turpin had accepted a four-figure offer to meet the Australian middle and light-weight champions soon after the ban on coloured men fighting for native titles had been lifted.

Printed and published for the proprietor, The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEATES, Windsor House, Hong Kong.



ARSENAL'S goalkeeper George Swindon leaps to punch clear from a raid on his goal at Highbury Stadium, London. His intervention, well out of goal, settled a dispute for possession between Arsenal left-back Lionel Smith (No. 3) and a raiding United forward, Arsenal centre-half Leslie Compton is seen at left. There was a capacity crowd to see Arsenal, last season's League champions, in action against the holders of the Football Association Cup. Result: Arsenal 0, Manchester United 1.—AP Photo.

Likely Winners In Home Football

By "ALCYDES"

Nearly all the clubs in the four divisions of the Football League are due to play one midweek game and on Saturday there is a full programme also.

Portsmouth, Division one leaders receive Charlton and taking into consideration their present form I expect them to gather bull points. The home team has won this corresponding game for the last two seasons.

With an expected home victory against Middlesbrough during the week the southerners have every opportunity to gather in four points and consolidate their lead.

Derby who shared the spoils with Blackpool in Lancashire on September 6 receive Sunderland at the Baseball Ground. Sunderland, who have lost the last two games at Derby each by five goals to one, are not much improved this season and they will do well to take even a point.

Everton in London

Everton, wooden spoonists of the first league are due in London where they oppose Chelsea, but they cannot hold out much hope against the Pensioners at Stamford Bridge. There is an all-Lancashire atmosphere at Manchester, where neighbouring City and United do battle. Last year, incidentally both games were drawn 0-0 and 1-1. It would not surprise me if the teams finished level again on Saturday.

Southampton, topping League II travel twice during the week. They are due at Fulham on September 8 and go to Luton on Saturday. Luton appears to be a happy hunting ground for the red and white stripes of the Saints for in the last four engagements at Luton they have won two and drawn once.

Considering the Hampshire men's present form, they can be expected to keep up their winning ways. Leeds United, showing more will to win of late, go to Hillsborough and may hold Wednesday to a draw. Queens Park Rangers are at home to Barnsley and after last week's reverse should be all out for points. Their

mid-week visitors are Cardiff and they will be all out to avenge their promotion set back two seasons ago. I expect them to pick up four points and by the time the next League Tables are published they should be in the first three.

Swindon should account for Norwich City and should be on Swansea's heels. Swansea cannot expect to get much change at Nottingham with the County hosts. Punter can feel safe if they mark this game down as a home win.

Rotherham's Claim

Wallall and Watford also seem good for home wins over Newport and Aldershot respectively. Barrow who visit Rotherham on Saturday, have had only one success there in recent seasons and the game can be safely regarded as a home win. With two points from Hartlepool during the week Rotherham have established undisputed claim to first place in the Northern Section.

Hull City, are at home to Accrington (mid-week) and Wrexham on Saturday can also be relied on to produce four points from these two games and they will be the only challenge to Rotherham who, if first impressions are lasting, are preparing to walk off with the Second Division status that awaits at the end of the season. They have maintained good form over two post-war seasons and, should they win promotion, then no one could say that they had not earned it.

Overtures to Houlston

London, September 7.

Arsenal, who are under no illusion to be taking a renewed interest in Billy Houlston for his club this season. At the end of last season, Houlston sprang into the eye of the southern public with grand games for the Scottish League against the Irish League and the Football League.

It is reported here, however, that Houlston, who is a male nurse at a hospital in Dumfries, does not wish to travel south of the border.—Reuter.

Football Results

THIRD SOUTH
Southend 0 Northampton 1
THIRD NORTH
Barrow 1 Wrexham 1
Rochdale 1 Carlisle 0
GLASGOW CUP, SEMI-FINAL
Third Lanark 4 Rangers 1
—Reuter.

UXBRIDGE CLUB LIFE MEMBERS

London, September 7.

The Uxbridge Football Club, commemorating the opening of their ground, today gave life membership cards to four men who played for the Club in 1898.

The veterans were W. J. Knight, A. G. C. Gumbrell, A. Woodbridge, and C. E. King, the first three of whom played in the Amateur Cup Final at Crystal Palace in 1898 when Middlesbrough beat Uxbridge by two goals to one.—Reuter.

WOMEN'S COUNCIL WATCH ENDORSEMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS DECLARATION

A large delegation from the Hong Kong Council for Women were present at yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council when it unanimously passed a resolution endorsing the Draft International Declaration of Human Rights.

The Colonial Secretary, Mr. D. M. MacDougall, moving the adoption of the resolution, said:

"The draft Declaration on Human Rights was produced at the Third Session of the Human Rights Commission held at Lake Success in the late spring of this year. The countries represented on it are Australia, Belgium, Byelorussia, Chile, China, Egypt, France, India, Lebanon, Panama, Philippines, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, U.S.S.R., Uruguay, Yugoslavia.

"At Lake Success this spring the draft Declaration on Human Rights emerged after a full and thorough public debate. Whether this draft will go forward in due course to the General Assembly of the United Nations depends on the attitude of the Economic and Social Council to which it will be submitted after the comments of all member states have been received.

"Seduced Politics"

"Looking at the document as a whole, the first thing to notice is that it is a statement not of things as they are but of things as they ought to be. It would be useless to pretend that, with large areas of Europe and Asia seduced by a political creed in which individual human rights and individual human freedom play an inconspicuous part, the aspirations set out in this Declaration can be realised overnight.

"But these aspirations, stated with simple clarity, are at once a challenge and a pledge. By adhering to this draft Declaration civilised man promises, in the words of proclamation in the preamble, to 'strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms.' I submit that is a promise he must either make or surrender his title to be called civilised.

"In case anyone should think that the whole onus in promoting these human rights lies with some other country, let us look

at Article 23 for example, in relation to our community of Hong Kong. This article states: 'The right to free elementary education. This right is one we cannot fulfil now or next year, or I venture to say, in ten years. We must as practical men face that fact; but it does not prevent us from acknowledging that elementary education should be free and universal and from so ordering our affairs that some day, though not in our time, it will be so. It is in that spirit that I commend to this Council the Draft Declaration on Human Rights.'

Historic Occasion

Speaking in support of the motion the Hon Sir Man-kam Lo said:

"For at least two reasons, today's sitting is an unique and will become a historic occasion in the annals of this Council. First, I think I am right in saying that this is the first time on which an International Declaration has ever been referred to this Council, and if I may do so, I would like to congratulate Government on taking this step. Secondly because of the nature and implication of this Declaration itself.

"In his statement on United States Foreign Policy (March 21, 1944) pointed out with reference to the Atlantic Charter, 'that the pledge it offered to every Nation involved an implied obligation for each nation to demonstrate its capacity for a stable and progressive Government, to fulfil scrupulously its established duties to other nations, to settle its international differences and disputes by non-violent peaceful methods and to make its full contribution to the maintenance of enduring peace; so this Declaration must involve implied reciprocal obligations.

Colony's Rights

"I do not pause to consider what these obligations are. Some of them are clearly implicit. As far as Hong Kong is concerned, many of the rights are ours already; some of them may not be realisable for many years to come while the world in general is in such a turmoil and unrest.

"It may be that the full implementation of this Charter cannot take place until the existing international relations are resolved, and conditions of stability, peace and order, and orderly social progress under free democratic institutions, prevail. In any case, one of the obvious reciprocal obligations is that each individual should do his part in bringing to pass this state of affairs."

Honours To Compton Again

London, September 7.

Chief honours, as on Saturday, went to Denis Compton in the match between the M.C.C. South African tourists and H. D. G. Leveson-Gower's XI at Scarborough today.

Compton scored his second century of the match for the touring team in his most skillful and aggressive manner.

Going in when Len Hutton was out at 64, Compton took command, making 50 at a run a minute out of 79. He then added 75 in 35 minutes before lunch when the innings was declared closed.

Compton hit four sixes and 10 fours, an almost flawless innings of 125 not out.

In the other match at Kings-ton-on-Thames the North, set to get 270 runs in just over three hours, made no attempt to force the issue and by default, ended, tamely, in a draw.

Slow Start

S. Brown, of Middlesex, played a bright innings early in the day after a slow start. Brown was missed in the slips when six, but he afterwards progressed rapidly with drives and hits to leg that he made 120 out of 208 in two hours 40 minutes, with a six and 16 fours as his chief strokes.

Results:

At Kingston: South of England 219 and 305 for 7 declared (Squires 51, Brown 120); North 285 and 191 for 4 (Wilson 66, Oldfield 82 not out).

At Scarborough: M. C. C. South African Tourists 347 and 239 for 5 declared (Compton 125 not out); Leveson Gower's XI 273 and 409 for 6.—Reuter.

OMA ARRIVES FOR BOUT

London, September 7.

The American heavy-weight, Lee Oma, who arrived in England by air late last night, today worked out in promoter Jack Solomon's gymnasium just off Piccadilly for his September 21 bout with the European champion, Bruce Woodcock.

The 32-year-old American impressed British sports writers with his boxing exercises.—United Press.

Aussies' Last Game In England

Scarborough, September 8.

The start was delayed owing to rain when the Australians began their last match in England of their current tour against Leveson Gower's XI, and by lunch time, the England side had scored 74 runs for the loss of two wickets.

It was a shock for the home side when after Robins had won the toss against Bradman, the third ball of the game clean bowled Hutton.

The pitch had been completely covered so that play started as soon as the rain ceased. The bowlers, however, required plenty of sawdust for a foothold and the umpires carried towels for drying the ball.

With 25 runs on the board, Bill Johnston knocked back Edrich's middle stump and Donnelly joined Fishlock in a left-handed partnership. This pair survived until lunch with a good wicket against an accurate attack and so far have added 49 runs for the third wicket.

The teams were: Leveson Gower's XI—W. V. Robins, P. Donnelly, W. Edrich, K. F. Brown, N. D. Vindley, Len Hutton, Geoffrey Evans, Jim Laker, Laurie Fishlock, Alec Bedser and Lee Pritchard.

The Australians were: Don Bradman, Arthur Morris, Sidney Barnes, Lindsay Hassett, Keith Miller, Neil Harvey, Sam Loxton, Ian Johnson, Ray Lindwall, Don Tallon and Bill Johnston.

Scores:

Leveson Gower's XI 0
Hutton b Lindwall 15
Edrich b Bill Johnston 15
Fishlock not out 32
Donnelly not out 25
Extras 2

Total (for two) 74
—Reuter.

VAGLIANO CUP RENEWAL

London, September 8.

Mr. Dinwiddie, Cricketer will captain the British women golfers meeting France in the 11th renewal of the Vagliano Cup competition at the Royal Mid-Surrey Golf Course on October 8.

Last year Great Britain won by 8-1/2 points to 2-1/2. It is the only time that a trophy which has always been won by Britain.

The remainder of the team will be announced later.—Associated Press.

NEW YORK WIN TWO OVER PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, September 7.

New York Giants today made it four straight over Phillies as they won both games of a double-header, taking the opener 6-1 and the 11-inning nightcap 8-6.

Sid Gordon slammed his 30th home run with one on in the 11th to give Giants victory in the second game.

In the first game Andy Hansen scattered 10 hits while his team mates nicked veteran Dutch Leonard for six runs, three of them unearned, in the first seven frames. Giants came from behind in the second game to tie the count at 5-5 when Walker Cooper smashed his 16th roundtripper with two aboard in the eighth.

Phillies, however, went ahead 6-5 in their half when Andy Seminick tripled off relief pitcher Clint Hartung and scored on pinch hitter Don Padgett's long fly.

Seminick Triples

The score was tied again in the ninth and the game went into overtime as Whitey Lockman doubled with one on and came home on a single by Gordon.

The score was:

National League

New York Giants 6 10 1
Philadelphia Phillies 1 0 1
Giants: p. Hansen; c. Cooper.
Phillies: p. Leonard; Nahem; c. Seminick.

Admission Possession of 4.5

tons of raw opium at the Kowloon-Canton Railway Station on the night of September 7, Yuen Chiu-tung was yesterday fined HK\$440 or three months' hard labour by Mr. J. Wick at Kowloon. Accused was also ordered to be expelled from the colony.

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